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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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THE TOILER'S RECOMPENSE.

An hour ago the wind was cold
And heaven seemed far away,
And all the gloom that my heart could hold
Appeared to be centred there,
And I wondered if ever another day
With a cheerful sky and fair,
Would dawn for me, or would bring for me
Such joys as the joys that had fled—
If the way beyond had a thing for me
Worth the cost of toiling ahead.

An hour ago the world was cold
And heaven seemed far away,
But the clouds that were leaden are tinged with gold,
For my heart is light again,
For one with a helpful word to say
Stepped out from the ranks of men,
With a hand for me and a smile for me,
And praise for the work I've done,
And out there many a mile, for me—
Is a goal that shall be won!
—S. E. Kiser, in Cleveland Leader.

Cornelia's Mistake.

Miss Cornelia Lunt was the only child of two good people who had not married until they reached the years which find most wedded pairs with their children well grown up about them. They had been very happy, however, and when they died left their daughter a little income, which, by close pinching, she could manage to live upon.

Cornelia was not a pretty girl—old people's children never are; but thousands of plainer girls had married and settled while she remained a spinster. Perhaps the fact that she was by no means a good-natured person had something to do with it. Certainly she quarreled with her friends and felt out with her beaux, had feuds with her relatives and was fond of saying unpleasant things to people generally, and the other half of her soul was a lucky creature in having missed her in this world.

In her youth she had also comported herself scornfully to well-disposed young men who belonged to the mechanic classes and had declared that she would only give her hand and heart to a merchant, a physician or a clergyman. Merchants were rare in Bottlehole, the only specimens of that order being two very old bachelors, still connected with a New York firm, who were always to be seen asleep on either side of their wide hall door in pleasant summer weather and who only awoke at the instance of their housekeeper long enough to take their meals. The two doctors were both married, and the clergymen always had large families. Miss Cornelia's ambitious hopes were never realized, and her father's apprentice, Tim Cornell, who had admired her and had been quite a believer in her as a "very elegant and genteel person," finally pronounced her "mighty proud and haughty" and abandoned his suit. The other young mechanics married or left the village, and Miss Cornelia at last awoke to the knowledge that she was getting on in life and that if she was not careful people would find it out.

Cornelia looked in the glass carefully every morning and very often through the day. She did not age rapidly, having always looked as old as it was possible to look. But for that dreaded family Bible, in which the record of her birth was written down, she would have felt safe in slicing off ten years of her life—a proceeding which she fancied would increase her value in the eyes of a certain Mr. Dumsday, who had recently paid her a few solemn calls. He was really an old man himself, but the older the man the younger, generally, one finds his choice of a wife to be. And, really, when all one's lady friends enjoy nothing so much as adding to one's age, why should not their efforts be thwarted by a reduction on one's own part of the one thing nobody ever wants more of?

Poor Miss Cornelia! She did not know that one who never thinks about age at all is the slowest to get old. She eyed that well-thumbed Bible, which her companion and assistant, Cousin Betsy Baker, always would have upon a stand in the parlor, with absolute horror. She did not dare object to its presence. She was a church member and thought herself pious, but she did wish Cousin Betsy in Greenland when she called a visitor's attention to the illustrations it contained. Suppose anyone should turn up the fly-leaf and read there: Born December, 18—, Cornelia, first daughter of Matthew and Abigail Lunt. The thought was horror.

She sat over her grate fire late one night thinking over the matter.

Who knew her exact age? Cousin Betsy. But Cousin Betsy would not wish to quarrel with her and was too old a woman to think her anything but young. The clergyman who baptised her. But he was superannuated and lived with his son-in-law in another state. The family doctor was dead, and the dear old gentleman who had boarded with them from her babyhood, who had always given her a gift upon her birthday and on whom she had waited as a grandchild might, went to Europe years before and was probably dead. Good old man! She had liked him very much. How well she remembered him as he sat in his big armchair! He had white hair and fat hands with dimples in them and carried a thick, gold-headed cane. Good Mr. Noire! But she should never hear anything of him again. Yes, it was safe. She would do it. She did not dare to name the deed—it seemed as bad to her as robbing a church. But ten years off one's age is a terrible temptation—at least it was to Miss Cornelia.

It was night—half-past 12, at least—the hour when "churchyards yawn and graves give up their dead." Ghosts might pop in upon her at any moment, but such a deed could only be done at such an hour. Miss Cornelia arose. She stood before the fire with her back toward it and took the candlestick in her hand. The room was clean and orderly. The green shades were down. The chairs stood in a row against the walls. The little marble-top table held its wax water lily under a glass shade. Photographs of the good old parents, with more cord than frame and more frame than picture, hung in the recesses on either side of the mantel. She did not dare to glance toward them. Two gilt vases and a match safe adorned the mantel. Two feather fans stood behind the vases. In the middle of the room were Cousin Betsy's rocking chair, a candlestand and the big Bible, a white tidy beneath it, a big, hinged bookmark hanging over its gilt edge.

It was a simple, cosy little "interior" enough, but it became at this moment as awesome to Miss Cornelia as a churchyard might have been.

She had "creeps" up her back. Her hair felt considerably like rising on end. Then she put her hand in her pocket and drew forth a knife. The light from the candle fell upon her face. It was ghastly. She took one step forward and paused; another, and paused again.

Anyone who had observed her would certainly have believed that she was going straight to poor Cousin Betsy's room to end that lady's life by a jab of the sharp little knife-blade, but she paused at the candlestand, set down the candlestick, knelt down, opened the family Bible at the fly-leaf and slowly, cautiously, began to scrape, scrape, scrape at the two last figures of the record of her birth. Then she crossed the room, took from a fireside cupboard a pen and inkstand, wrote two other figures in the place of those she had erased, blew upon the leaf until it was dry, carefully touched up the rest of the record to match in brightness and drew back to read the amended lines, which now plainly stated to all beholders that she had entered this world 30 years before instead of 40.

"Nobody would guess that it had been meddled with," gasped Miss Cornelia, hysterically. "Nobody—oh, gracious! 'Now I lay me—' Oh, if I could only remember my prayers! I didn't do it—oh!" for an awful voice at that moment uttered her name in her very ear:

"Cornelia."

It was repeated. It seemed to come from above. Cornelia looked up, expecting to see something dreadful. It was repeated:

"Cornelia, ain't you coming to bed?"

It was only Cousin Betsy speaking through a disused register, which had once conveyed heat from a stove in the sitting room to the chamber above.

All in a cold perspiration, Cornelia managed to reply that she would come in a moment, and then closing the Bible and putting away the writing materials she crept upstairs, a world of horrible unseen things close after her. She felt very sure a spectral clutch at her chignon, a cold palm on her arm, would not have surprised her. She had committed a crime worse than that of robbing a church, she feared. She had meddled with the solemn record made by hands long since moldering in the grave, upon the pages of the Holy Book, and she had won ten imaginary years by it.

Very pale was Miss Cornelia Lunt next morning. Cousin Betsy predicted "fever-nager" and advised quinine. Mr. Dumsday, when he called, hoped Miss Cornelia was not ill. Aunty Pring, who took tea with them that afternoon, suggested that she looked "sort o' skeered, as if she'd seen suthin'," and Miss Cornelia felt as though her guilt was branded on her brow. However, she recovered her peace of mind in time and was, as a general thing, herself again, though there were times when she felt that "a judgment" might be expected at any moment.

Mr. Dumsday regularly "came a courting" now. And he was a rich widower, whose married daughter professed herself anxious that "pa" should have some one to take care of him. Miss Cornelia had quite made up her mind that lavender should be the color of her wedding dress—a copper-colored bride-expectant always does. And the two were sitting together one evening talking confidentially about rheumatism and its best liniment when the door bell rang, and a tall, lean gentleman in a suit of black was ushered into the parlor.

On courting evenings Betsy kept herself out of the way, and only Mr. Dumsday was present when the gentleman introduced himself.

"Miss Cornelia Lunt, I believe," he said.

"Yes, sir," said Miss Cornelia.

The gentleman bowed, handed her a card with "C. Dodridge, Solicitor," upon it and took the seat she offered.

"I understand that your respected parents are no more, ma'am," said the solicitor. "They would remember better than you do, probably, a period of 30 years ago when one Mr. Noire boarded with them."

"Yes, sir," said Cornelia, growing red in the face. "I've heard them speak of him."

"Ah," said the gentleman, "he was a very dear friend as well as client of mine. He died about two months ago in London, England. He was very wealthy at the time of his death, and he never forgot the extreme kindness of the friends of 30 years ago, who knew him in his days of comparative poverty. Yes, they are gone, also; but the little girl who waited on him so lovingly still lives. She was 11 years old at that time. I suppose I address her?"

"No, sir," said Miss Lunt, redder than ever—as Mr. Dumsday turned an attentive ear to this dreadful statement—and feeling that one lie begot many and that having fibbled in the family Bible she must stick to it or die—"No, sir. I was not born at that date."

"I have my old friend's record," said Mr. Dodridge; "18— was the date of his arrival here. You were one month old then; 18— was the date of his departure. Plainly you were 11 years of age. You attached yourself fondly to my old friend's heart, madam."

"No, I didn't," said Miss Cornelia, tartly. "I ought to know. I never saw him. I was born just after he left, I've been told. There's the Bible on the table; look at the date."

She opened the volume at the fatal fly-leaf; the lawyer perused it slowly.

"I see, I see," he said. "Well, well; and who was this little girl?"

Agony of agonies! Here was another lie needed. Mr. Dumsday's eyes opened widely. He listened more intently. He looked at the lawyer; he looked at the lady. She must fib again and very blackly this time.

"That was a little adopted child, who died," said Miss Cornelia, faintly. "They didn't think they should have any family of their own."

"I see," said the lawyer, rising—"I see. My friend hoped she had grown to be a woman. Good day."

"And I can't see why you should come here to add to a lady's age," said Miss Cornelia. "I'm sure it's very impolite."

"Madam," said Mr. Dodridge, hat in hand, "I have an excuse; Mr. Noire, good old man, had left all his fortune to that little girl. Had she lived she would be an immense heiress. A lawyer is naturally cautious. I paved the way—paved the way, that is all."

Poor Miss Cornelia! She gazed at the gentleman in utter consternation, and he continued:

"However, some charities will be the better for the fact; no wind but blows some one good, after all."

He departed; Miss Cornelia bowed him out. After all, what did it matter? Fortune, in the person of Mr. Dumsday, was at her feet, and she had saved ten years of her age in his eyes.

But, alas! what ailed Mr. Dumsday? He had arisen; his face looked pale, his countenance anxious. He shook his head slowly, went to the candlestand, folded the leaves of the family Bible and spoke as follows:

"Cornely, from what I see, you're just about 30 years of age, aren't ye?"

"Yes," said Cornelia, wonderingly.

"This is a trial to me, Cornely," said Mr. Dumsday; "I know I've been to blame if it comes to nothing, but we must part."

"Did you think I was younger?" said Cornelia. "Is that it?"

"No, Cornely," said Mr. Dumsday; "but I took a little oath to my daughter, Jemmimy—Mrs. Nutmegs, that is—never to marry no second wife 'twas under 40. People generally thinks you rising 40, so I picked you out. 'Don't make a goose of yourself by marrying a girl at your age, pa,' says Jemmimy; and she made me swear on the Bible—she did indeed. So you see I can't break that, and it's all up. Good bye, Cornely. I hope I ain't spiled yer prospex. Some younger man will—"

He paused, put his handkerchief to his eyes and turned toward the door.

"Oh!" cried Cornelia. "Oh, come back! I'll tell the truth. I am 40."

"Records can't lie. I seed it in the Bible," said Mr. Dumsday. "Farewell, Cornely. It's a cross, but I must bear it."

He kissed Cornelia and departed, and since that day Cornelia has had ample time to acknowledge to herself that she made a slight mistake in whittling down the record of her age in the family Bible and to weigh against the disadvantages of those ten additional years the advantages of a husband and a fortune.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The world uses 3,500,000 steel pens a day.

The Sandwich Islanders estimate the beauty of women by their weight.

The latest use of glass is instead of gold as a material for stopping decayed teeth.

The tents of the Bedouin Arabs are usually black. They are made of dyed goat's hair cloth.

It is a curious fact that the honeybee was never known in the United States till imported from England.

At an auction of old coins in Frankfort a gold piece on which was the portrait and inscription of King Ptolemy IV, brought $500.

The royal crown of Persia, which dates back to remote ages, is in the form of a pot of flowers, surmounted by an uncut ruby the size of a hen's egg.

The new great wheel of Paris, France, which has just been completed, is able to carry 1600 persons. It will not be set in motion until August, 1899.

False teeth for horses, which were suggested by the president of a French humane society a few years ago, have actually been invented, and are gaining favor with owners of large stables.

The most costly piece of railway line in the world is that between the Mansion House and Aldgate stations, in London, which required the expenditure of close upon $10,000,000 a mile.

A wealthy gentleman left his son a large fortune on the condition that he shall visit every country in the world, and write a book on what he sees. This work is to be submitted to professors of Bonn and Heidelberg universities, and, if, in their opinion, it is dull and stupid and badly written the heir has either to write it over again or lose the fortune.

The Flying Fox.

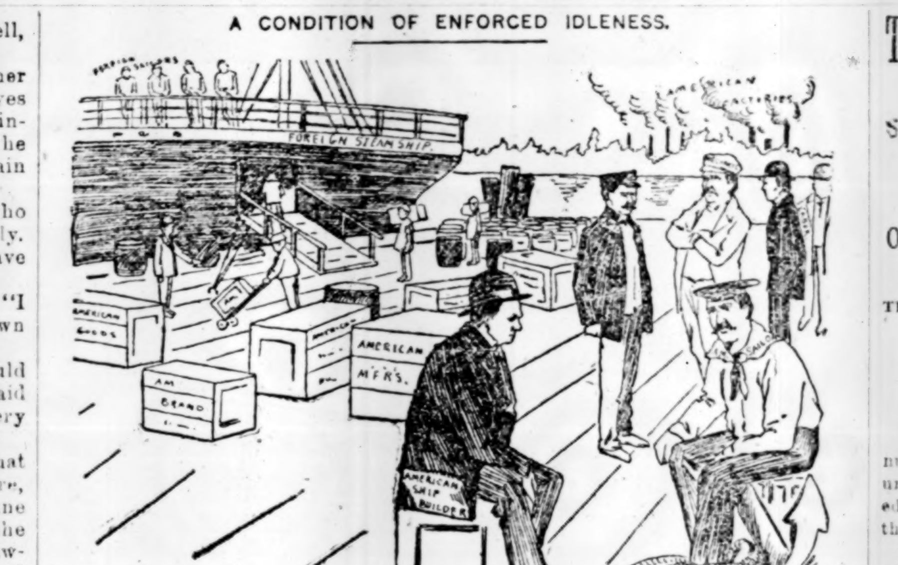
The flying fox is a very curious inhabitant of the forests near Moreton Bay in East Australia. It lives in flocks and moves generally toward the dusk of the evening, and the noise produced by the heavy flapping of the so-called wings is very singular. The flocks like quiet places, where there are large Araucarian pine trees, with an underwood of scrub and creepers. The foxes hang in vast numbers from horizontal branches of the pine trees.

When there is a clear space among the trees, an enormous number of the animals may be seen, and their noise can be heard, for directly they see anything unusual they utter a short bark, something like the sound made by young rooks. Often every branch is crowded and the flying foxes are seen either flapping their wings and holding on with their hind feet, and with their head downward, or snarling and fighting for places.

Suddenly the whole take to flight flap their furry, wing-like sides and wheel around like heavy birds. Many fly with their young holding onto them.

The creature is not a true fox and there is a fold of skin which reaches from the fore to the hind legs. This is called the wing, and it enables the pteropus, as the animal is called, to float and turn in the air.—Philadelphia Press.

A CONDITION OF ENFORCED IDLENESS.



ARE GROWING IN FAVOR.

THE DISCRIMINATING DUTY PLAN HAS MANY ADVANTAGES.

The Element of Permanence Regarded as of Vital Importance in Any System to Be Devised For the Restoration of the American Merchant Marine.

There is abundant reason to believe that among practical and farsighted men the policy of protection to American shipping, by means of discriminating duties upon imports in foreign vessels, is rapidly growing in favor. Shipbuilders who have hitherto expressed doubts as to the wisdom of adopting this policy, and have leaned toward some form of subsidy or subvention, now express the conviction that the policy of discriminating duties is the only one likely to be effective and of permanent benefit. They recognize the fact that subsidies are difficult to obtain from Congress; that they are unequal in their operation, favoring a few and affording little or no protection to the many; that the subsidy measures heretofore passed by Congress have orginally been so imperfect as to require radical amendments; that the arguments in favor of subsidies are easily controverted, and that this form of protection would not accomplish the desired end—the restoration of the shipbuilding industry and the creation of shipowning organizations.

Subsidies might prove beneficial to shipbuilding plants fully equipped for the construction of passenger steamers, either large or small, for subsidies would tend to encourage the building of such ships. But the demand for passenger vessels is comparatively limited, and it is not likely to increase greatly, owing to the competition of foreign ships either already on the lines or which could easily be diverted to such service from other routes.

What is imperatively needed is such a system of protection as will enable shipbuilders to devote their attention to the manufacture of vessels suitable for cargo carrying. Plants equipped for the construction of such ships need encouragement to enlarge their facilities without materially augmenting the cost of their permanent force employed in drafting, molding and other operations incident to ship construction. It is essential to economical shipbuilding that two or more vessels of precisely equal dimensions and form shall be under contract at the same time, so that multiples of every part can be prepared with only the additional cost of the material. Vessels so built would be uniform in every respect, perfection in model and workmanship and material would be attained, the reputation of the builder would be established, and this economical plan of construction would enable him successfully to compete with foreign builders and thereby secure profitable contracts.

It is said that there is not now a duplicating plant in this country which is equipped for the economical construction of cargo steamers in the manner above indicated. And yet there is scarcely a yard, at least on the Atlantic seaboard, which cannot build a steamship as cheaply as it can be constructed abroad, the lower cost of material and the use of labor-saving machinery and appliances nearly if not quite counter-balancing the enhanced cost of labor. The English shipbuilders are devoting their attention and energies to the construction of steamers instead of sailing vessels. They are, by manufacturing two or more ships of the same size and pattern at the same yard, reducing the cost of construction to the minimum, and they are striving to the utmost to retain their advantage of economical production.

Clearly, therefore, this is our opportunity. No time should be lost in providing such a system of protection as will enable our shipbuilding industries to retain the advantage they now enjoy and to require further advantages by the enlargement of their plants for the still greater economy of ship construction by what may be termed the wholesale manufacture of vessels, as is done in the English and Scotch yards. The adoption of the policy of discriminating duties upon imports in foreign vessels would create such a demand for American cargo carrying ships as to stimulate the enlargement of our shipbuilding plants to the capacity required for the manufacture of large numbers of vessels of of the same size at the same time, and it would also encourage the establishment of additional yards and restore the shipbuilding industry to its pristine vigor. Alike as to the building and operating of American merchant ships, the policy of permanent protection indorsed in the Republican national platform of 1896 seems to be the policy best adapted to the placing of our commercial marine industry upon an even keel with foreign competition.

An End of Jeering.

The Dingley law has vindicated itself, and the wisdom of its authors, and there will have to be an end to the Democratic jeers at Dingleyism.—Troy (N. Y.) Record.

His Exceptional Fortune.

"Aaron Burr was a remarkable man." "Decidedly. Notwithstanding the fact that he was vice president of the United States, he has not been forgotten."—Truth.

EFFECTIVE RETALIATION.

How to Meet Germany's Discrimination Against American Food Exports.

The near prospect of a commercial controversy between the United States and Germany is indicated in a Washington dispatch, as follows:

"During the winter the administration purposes to take steps retaliating against Germany for discriminating against American pork. Professor Wiley, of the Agricultural Department, is now conducting an investigation for the benefit of the President, and has gone to New York for the purpose of securing samples of German wines and other products, which will undergo a close scrutiny to find ground for excluding them from this country.

"American products have been harassed in so many ways that it has become unprofitable to export them to Germany.

"The President already has power to act on his own responsibility, and the data is now being collected on which to base grounds for excluding German products which are found to be impure and adulterated."

To retaliate by barring out German wines on the score of adulteration and impurity would be a righteous stroke of policy in many ways. It would protect the human stomach against the deleterious effects of the doctored and tinkered stuff that comes here in large quantities under German labels. It would also have a tendency to turn the attention of wine drinkers toward the wholly honest and generally superior wines now being so successfully produced in the United States. In the first case the interests of health would be promoted, and in the second a direct pecuniary benefit would follow, for it is an undisputed fact that American wines sell in our market at a considerably lower price than foreign wines of relatively the same grade and quality. As a matter of actual fact the cheaper American wine is much the better article.

There is at hand, however, a much more effective weapon against Germany than the exclusion of her sour and worthless wines. If our Government wants to inflict upon Germany the heaviest possible blow in retaliation for unfair discrimination against American food stuffs, Congress has only to pass a law levying a heavy tonnage tax upon all German vessels, and at the same time impose a discriminating duty upon imports brought to this country in German vessels. The German Government cares far more for the American money paid to German ship owners than for any other product which Germany sends us. Once let the President give the year's notice required by law for the abrogation of our existing maritime reciprocity treaty with Germany, and the American hog will very quickly get a fair deal in Germany. In such a contest the weight of weapons would be on our side.

Germany's Cheap Labor.

Lower the tariff according to Democratic ideas and American workingmen will soon find the country flooded with the productions of Germany's cheap labor. Germany, notwithstanding the Dingley tariff, is actually forcing some of her productions into this country because of the cheapness of labor. Our tariff has not even stopped the sale of German sugar to America. It comes in spite of all competition. For the year ending June 30, 1897, the sugar exported from the Breslau district amounted to $298,909. The price was then 1.923 cents a pound. It is now sold at 1.869 cents for raw, in addition to which the manufacturer gets an export bounty.

This is a matter that should be considered immediately by the workingmen of this country.—Buffalo News.

Discussing a Dead Issue.

On so recent a date as October 28 the Louisville Courier-Journal gravely discusses the question whether the wool growers of the United States have been benefited by the wool duties of the Dingley law, and whether there ought to be any tariff at all on wool. Of course, the "C.-J." reaches a negative conclusion in both cases. Such a discussion is time wasted. If there was one thing more than another that condemned the Wilson law in the eyes of the American people that one thing was its free wool clause. The question is dead and buried. It will never be resurrected. No party platform will ever again advocate free trade in wool. There may be honest differences of opinion as to the amount of duty to be levied upon imported wool for protective purposes, but as to the main question, whether wool should be protected, it has been settled in the affirmative once for all.

A Trying Duty.

"It was the grave digging," says a soldier quoted by the Worcester Gazette, "that broke down many of the boys. Nothing could be more disheartening than to take the body of a dead comrade out and fight off the buzzards while digging the grave. It is bad enough to hear the earth rattle down on the top of a coffin containing the form of a comrade, but is shocking to put an uncoffined form into the ground and pile the dirt on top of it. The men detailed for burials were easily disheartened, and the soldier who lost heart was a candidate for an early burial."

THE NATION'S FINANCES.

Secretary Gage's Report of the Treasury Department Sent to Congress.

OUR GREAT YEAR IN EXPORTS.

The Receipts and Expenditures For the Fiscal Year—A Big Increase of Our Foreign Commerce—The Trade Balance For 1898 Is in Our Favor—The Porto Rican Currency.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury to the House of Representatives treated of a great variety of topics embraced in the operations of his department.

The report shows a deficit for the year of $38,047,247.60, the receipts having been $494,333,953.75 and the expenditures $532,381,201.35.

The internal revenue receipts were $170,900,641.49 and those from customs $149,575,062.35. Military expenditures were $91,992,000.29, and naval expenditures $58,823,984.80. There was paid out for pensions $147,452,368.61.

The receipts for 1898 were $63,946,785.86 more than for 1897. There was an increase in internal revenue of $24,212,067.20 and a decrease in customs receipts of $26,979,064.30.

The revenues for the current fiscal year are thus estimated: From customs, $195,000,000; from internal revenue, $270,000,000; from miscellaneous sources, $20,000,000; from postal service, $92,874,647.37. Total, $577,874,647.37.

The expenditures for the same period are estimated as follows: For the civil establishment, $93,000,000; for the military establishment, $250,000,000; for the naval establishment, $60,000,000; for the Indian service, $12,000,000; for pensions, $141,000,000; for interest on the public debt, $41,000,000; for postal service, $92,874,647.37. Total $689,874,647.37. Deficit $112,000,000.

It is estimated that the revenues for 1900 will be: From customs, $205,000,000; from internal revenue, $285,000,000; from miscellaneous sources, $20,000,000; from postal service, $100,958,112; total, $610,958,112.

The estimates of appropriations for the same period are $641,106,490.64, giving a deficit of $30,048,378.64.

The net increase in circulation was $159,842,878, giving an amount per capita of $24.87, as against $23.23 a year ago.

The Secretary says that the year's exports were the greatest ever recorded, averaging more than $100,000,000 a month, the total being $1,231,482,330. Of this the exports of agriculture were $853,683,570, and of manufactures $290,697,354, both being the highest in history.

For the first time the exports of domestic manufactures were greater than the imports of foreign manufactures, while the exports were twice as great as the imports—a condition heretofore unknown, the trade balance in our favor being more than twice as great as that of any former year.

The value of foreign imports was less than in any previous year except 1880, though the population has increased fifty per cent. since that time. The total imports were but $616,049,654 against $764,730,412 the preceding year, and $779,724,674 a year earlier.

The Secretary discusses at length the currency problem in Porto Rico, and suggests that action be taken to assimilate the money of the island to that of the United States "by making customs dues in the island payable in American money, yet receiving the silver pesos and centavas at a fixed relation to our dollar."

A policy to build up our merchant marine is favored by the Secretary.

A SUBMARINE MINE EXPLODES.

A Peculiar Accident That Resulted in the Killing of Four Men.

BOSTON (Special).—Four men were killed and several seriously injured at Fort Independence, in Castle Island, in Boston Harbor, a few days ago, by the explosion of a mine which had been removed from the channel. Those killed were Sergeant Morris McGrath, Hiram Vaughn, Private Brennan (a diver), and a man named Ryan.

The accident occurred about 2 o'clock. Vaughn, Brennan and Ryan had placed the mine on a cart, and started to take it to the place where the other ammunition was stored, when from no apparent cause the mine burst. The horse and cart and the three men were blown to fragments. Sergeant McGrath was standing fully twenty feet away. He was instantly killed by the concussion. His body did not bear a mark of any sort. As soon as possible after the explosion a careful search was begun by Lieutenant Raymond, who had charge of removing the mines, but not a fragment of the three men or their clothing could be found. Ryan was a civilian, assisting in the work. Vaughn was a member of the Engineer Corps. Sergeant McGrath was the keeper of the island, and was well known throughout Boston and its vicinity.

Pennsylvania's Ballots Counted.

The official returns of the late election in Pennsylvania have been computed at the State Department in Harrisburg. Stone's plurality over Jenks is 117,612. The official vote for Governor: William A. Stone, Republican, 469,834; George A. Jenks, Democrat, 352,222; Silas C. Swallow, Prohibition, 131,537.

Nicaragua's Independence Decreed.

The Government of Nicaragua as a result of the collapse of the United States of Central America, has published a decree declaring Nicaragua to be an independent sovereign State.

Oklahoma Family Burned to Death.

The home of Hiram Biggs, a farmer living seven miles southeast of Perry, Oklahoma, caught fire a few days ago, and Biggs, his wife, and three children were burned to death.

A French Ultimatum to China.

France has sent an ultimatum to China demanding the release within ten days of a French missionary held prisoner by rebels in Sze Chuen Province.

Pardons "Lese Majeste" Prisoners.

Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, has pardoned all lese majeste prisoners in honor of his jubilee.

British Parliament Will Meet in February.

The British Parliament will reassemble on February 7.

Train Kills Children in a Carriage.

A train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad near Ivy City, Md., struck a carriage in which were four children on their way to school, causing the instant death of Fanny Bell Harris and James Gray and severely injuring a boy named McDonough.

Havana Aldermen Dismissed.

Nine aldermen of Havana, Cuba, have been dismissed by the Secretary of Justice upon the demand of Civil Governor Castro, who charged them with frauds in connection with the slaughter house monopoly contracts.

The Labor World.

Butte, Mont., is without a non-union clerk.

Marion, Ind., has not a non-union cigar factory.

In 1890 the United States had only sixteen cement factories, where there are now thirty.

Boys have been substituted for men on Nashville street cars. The boys earn $6 per week; men were paid $10.

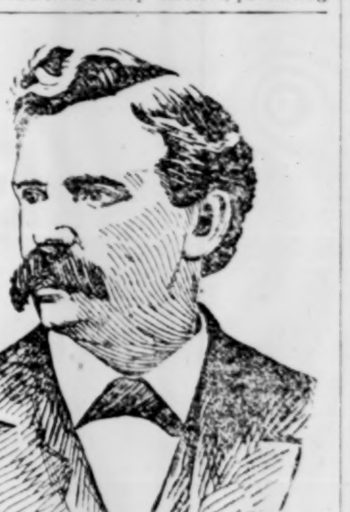
The Journal of the United Mine Workers' Association is now being printed in two languages—English and Slavonian.

Every contractor in the country is complaining about the inability to get laborers. They are not to be had in any section.

CLERGYMEN ATTACK POLYGAMY.

Protest From Episcopalians of Trenton Against Roberts, of Utah.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—At a meeting of the Episcopal clergymen of Trenton a few days ago a letter was ordered to be sent to Congressman John J. Gardner, of the Second New Jersey district, protesting



BRIGHAM H. ROBERTS.
(A firm believer in polygamy. He was Elected to Congress in the late election.)

against the seating of Brigham H. Roberts, a polygamist, who has been chosen Representative to Congress from the State of Utah.

Brigham H. Roberts, the Mormon Congressman, who may be expelled from the House of Representatives because he practices polygamy, is a great church leader, a missionary, a leader of elders and the leading expounder of theology as taught by the Book of Mormon. The new Utah Congressman, being a Mormon of the Mormons, is a firm believer in polygamy. It is said that he admitted having more than one wife, and if this charge is proved it is believed that Congress will not permit him to retain his seat.

HAVERHILL'S SOCIALIST MAYOR.

Debs Social Democracy Carry an Election in a Massachusetts Town.

HAVERHILL, Mass. (Special).—At the city election the Socialists elected their Mayor by a plurality of about 400, elected three out of the seven members of the Board of Aldermen and three members of the Common Council. Their vote surpassed all expectations, and although the defeat of Moses H. Dow, the regular Republican candidate, was due to dissensions in the party, the result shows that the Socialist Democrats have an enormous strength in the city.

The victorious organization is not the Socialist Labor party, which made such a showing in the State election, but the Debs Social Democracy, which has flourished in this city almost to the extinction of the other branch of the Socialists.

An Independent Republican candidate for Mayor was in the field, Frank N. Rand, who polled a vote of little more than 900, sufficient to defeat Moses H. Dow, the regular party nominee. Mayor Chase, the candidate of the Democrats for re-election, received a few more votes than did Rand.

Honors Evenly Divided.

BOSTON, Mass. (Special).—Seventeen cities in Massachusetts held elections and the honors were about equally divided between the Republicans and the various league and Democratic tickets that opposed them. Seven cities voted against license.

C. W. MARSH PLEADS GUILTY.

Claims That He Never Profited by the Keystone Bank Frauds.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn. (Special).—Gideon W. Marsh, former President of the looted Keystone National Bank, the failure of which institution was publicly announced March 20, 1891, pleaded guilty before Judge Butler, in the United States District Court, to indictments charging him with conspiracy with Cashier Lawrence in misapplying the funds of the bank and making false reports of the bank's condition to the Comptroller of the Currency.

After Marsh had entered his plea of guilty his counsel asked the Court's permission to present a statement of his client which would show mitigating circumstances in connection with the commission of the acts to which he had pleaded guilty. Counsel informed the Court that the statement would show that, after Mr. Marsh had assumed the presidency of the bank, he found that there existed a deficiency in the bank of over $1,000,000. He had, no doubt, erred in covering this deficit, but the load was too much for the bank to carry, and finally resulted in its failure. Counsel said the defendant had never profited $1 through the bank's losses, and that when Marsh fled, over seven years ago, he had not with him $1 of the bank's money.

BOY MURDERER KILLS HIMSELF.

Shoots the City Marshal of McKenzie, Tenn., Then Takes Morphine.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn. (Special).—At 1.30 Wednesday morning City Marshal A. D. Bryant, of McKenzie, was shot in the back of the head three times and almost instantly killed while seated in the telegraph office there. The murderer was a boy of McKenzie named Hugh McCall.

McCall fled to his home and committed suicide by taking morphine. The cause alleged for the murder was that Bryant arrested McCall a few days before for drunkenness and city law violations.

A Minnesota Hotel Burned.

The old Central, a two-story frame structure in Wadena, Minn., caught fire a few days ago from the explosion of a lamp, and before the fire was discovered one part of the building was wrapped in flames. The old building burned like tinder, and was soon in ashes. C. J. Stolquist of Sebaka and Frank Austin of Thomastown perished in the flames. Other guests were badly injured, among them William Pollock of Minneapolis, Robert Blood of Verndale and D. Crosby of Rice's Station. None of the guests saved much of their clothing.

Anti-Scalping Bill is Passed.

The House of Representatives, in Washington, passed the Anti-Ticket Scalping bill by a vote of 119 to 101. This action is the culmination of a ten years' struggle on the part of the railroads to put an end to the business of ticket scalping.

France Bars Our Fruit.

The French Government has issued a decree forbidding the admittance into France of fruit and plants from the United States.

Two New Pacific Mail Steamships.

C. P. Huntington, of California, will build two steamships of eleven thousand tons each for the China trade. Each will cost in the neighborhood of $2,000,000.

The Sirdar Off For the Soudan.

General Lord Kitchener has started from London on his return to Egypt, traveling by the way of Marseilles, France.

Newsy Gleanings.

King Menelik is said to have refused Major Marchand permission to cross Abyssinia.

Germany has contracted with the Krupps for a large floating dock for Kiaochau, China.

There was a decrease of assessed personal property in Indiana of $11,663,421 from 1891 to 1897.

Foreigners will now be admitted to membership in the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

General Greene's work of improving the sanitary condition of Havana, Cuba, is progressing favorably.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been 3c ⅌ qt. net to shipper. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans	23,607
Condensed milk, cans	190
Cream, cans	440

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras	$ —	@ $	20
Firsts	18	@	19
Thirds to seconds	14½	@	17
State—Thirds to firsts	14½	@	18½
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	18
Imitation Creamery	13	@	17
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	13½
Low grades	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9¾	@	10
Small	10¼	@	10½
Part skims, good to prime	5½	@	5¾
Full skims	—	@	3
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	—	@	30
State and Penn—Fresh	26	@	27
Western—Choice	25½	@	26
Southern—Choice	23	@	25
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	1 52½	@	1 55
Medium, 1898	—	@	1 35
Pea, choice, 1898	1 27½	@	1 30
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 75	@	1 80
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 60	@	1 65
Yellow eye	1 50	@	1 55
Lima, Cal., ⅌ 60 lbs	2 32½	@	2 35
Green peas, bags	87½	@	90
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Greenings, ⅌ bbl	3 00	@	3 50
Baldwin, ⅌ bbl	2 50	@	3 25
King, ⅌ bbl	3 00	@	3 50
Grapes, Catawba, ⅌ basket	11	@	13
Niagara, ⅌ basket	12	@	18
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ⅌ bbl	5 50	@	8 50
Jersey, ⅌ bbl	5 50	@	6 00
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, ⅌ lb	—	@	20
Fair to prime	16	@	19
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	20	@	21
Common to prime	14	@	19
Old odds	4	@	8
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ⅌ lb	—	@	9
Chickens, ⅌ lb	7½	@	8
Roosters, ⅌ lb	—	@	5
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	8	@	8½
Ducks, ⅌ pair	50	@	60
Geese, ⅌ pair	1 00	@	1 37
Pigeons, ⅌ pair	15	@	20
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	6	@	13
Chickens, Phila	9	@	14
Western, dry picked	7	@	8
Fowls, State & Penn., ⅌ lb	8	@	8½
Ducks, Western	4	@	7½
L. I., spring, ⅌ lb	8	@	9
Geese, Eastern, spring, ⅌ lb	9	@	10
Squabs, ⅌ doz	1 25	@	2 50
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ⅌ 100 lb	—	@	65
Clover mixed	45	@	50
Straw—Long rye	40	@	45
Short rye	—	@	—
Oat	—	@	—
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., ⅌ bbl	1 25	@	1 75
Jersey, ⅌ bbl	1 00	@	1 37
Sweet, ⅌ bbl	40	@	2 25
Cabbages, ⅌ 100	1 50	@	3 00
Onions, Conn. white, ⅌ bbl	2 00	@	4 50
Red and yellow, ⅌ bbl	1 25	@	1 75
Egg plant, ⅌ bbl	1 00	@	3 50
Tomatoes, ⅌ carrier	1 00	@	3 00
Squash, marrow, ⅌ bbl	50	@	75
Turnips, Russia, ⅌ bbl	75	@	85
Green peas, Fla., ⅌ basket	1 50	@	3 50
Cauliflower, ⅌ bbl	75	@	3 00
String beans, ⅌ basket	1 00	@	2 00
Lettuce, ⅌ bbl	1 50	@	3 00
Brussels sprouts, ⅌ qt	6	@	10
Celery, ⅌ doz	10	@	50
Lima beans, ⅌ bag	1 50	@	2 00
Spinach, ⅌ bbl	69	@	1 00
Beets, ⅌ bbl	75	@	1 00
Kale, ⅌ bbl	—	@	50
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 65	@	3 85
Spring Patents	3 70	@	4 00
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	75
No. 2 Red	75½	@	76½
Corn—No. 2	—	@	40¼
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	32½
Track mixed	31	@	32½
Rye—Western	55½	@	59½
Barley—Feeding	—	@	—
Lard—City steam	4.95c	@	5.00c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7	@	9
Calves, city dressed	8	@	11
Country dressed	6	@	9
Sheep, ⅌ 100 lb	3 00	@	4 50
Lambs, ⅌ 100 lb	5 25	@	5 75
Hogs—Live, ⅌ 100 lb	3 85	@	4 00
Country dressed	3¼	@	5¼

A CORNER IN BROOM CORN.

Western Operators Gobble All the Crop in the "Dwarf Brush" District.

TOPEKA, Kan. (Special).—One of the biggest deals in broom corn ever undertaken has been consummated in Sterling. It amounts practically to a corner of all the dwarf or whisk-broom stock in the United States. The operators were Robert Findlay & Co., local commission men, assisted by C. R. Lee, of the Lee Broom and Duster Company, of Lincoln, Neb. The deal involved the purchase of over 100 cars of brush in three days, and covered the broom corn district of Kansas and Oklahoma.

For many years nearly all the short brush used for the manufacturing of whisk brooms has been raised around Sterling. The soil seems suited for this product and the farmers have become familiar with its cultivation and process of curing for market. It has never been successfully raised in any quantity except in this part of Kansas, and Sterling is known to broom corn men from one end of the country to the other as the centre of the "dwarf broom-corn district." This year the crop was comparatively small. The acreage was also much smaller on account of so much land planted to wheat. This made it possible for the corner to be run successfully.

A week ago a large amount of brush was in the hands of farmers; now it is in the hands of Findlay & Co. Practically every crop of corn has been purchased not only in Sterling, but also in Stafford and other places in the district. The prices ranged from $40 to $60 per ton and the price jumped $15 higher to-day.

Farmers to Get More For Milk.

The Board of Directors of the Consolidated Milk Exchange, at a meeting held in New York City, decided to raise the price paid to the dairy farmer for milk. The farmer has been getting only 2½ cents a quart for several months. Since the first of December he may demand three cents a quart. While this action benefits the farmer it does not help the consumer.

To Raise the Price of Stoneware.

The Ohio stoneware manufacturers have decided to try to increase the price of their output. They will attempt to form an Ohio combination, insuring the manufacturer a clear profit of half a cent a gallon. An attempt at a general combination recently failed.

New South Wales's Wheat Crop.

According to the official forecast, the wheat harvest of New South Wales for 1898 will be 1,590,000 bushels in excess of that of 1897, and there will be a surplus available for export of 2,250,000 bushels.

Business Briefs.

The business failures for the past week were 212.

Porto Rico is expected to furnish a large market for canned meats.

The official estimate of the amount of anthracite produced in November is 4,800,000 tons.

A report from the Treasury Bureau of Statistics shows heavy gains in American exports to Africa.

The recent snowstorm in New York City put over $300,000 in the pockets of the rubber manufacturers.

Foreign demand for our food products has continued an encouraging feature of the cereal situation.

Tested and Tried
For 25 Years

Would you feel perfectly safe to put all your money in a new bank? One you have just heard of?

But how about an old bank? One that has done business for over a quarter of a century? One that has always kept its promises? One that never failed; never misled you in any way?

You could trust such a bank, couldn't you?

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES is just like such a bank. It has never disappointed you, never will. It has never deceived you, never will.

Look out that someone does not try to make you invest your health in a new tonic, some new medicine you know nothing of.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

His Feelings Were Hurt.

"I used to think these mother-in-law jokes were fiction," said a young man with a fancy vest and a receding chin, "but I guess they're justifiable."

"Has yours been cruel to you?"

"Yes. I told two or three of these stories about a man's being glad to be rid of his wife's mother, and she said that if I kept on talking in that manner she'd stop paying the house rent and the coal bill and the taxes, and that she'd take her furniture to fix up a home of her own. The idea of threatening a man in that way, in cold blood!" —Washington Star.

Two Extremes.

"My ambition," said a French writer, "is to condense a book into a chapter, a chapter into a paragraph, a paragraph into a phrase." A teacher in one of our colleges said of Richardson, "His ambition was to expand a phrase into a paragraph, a paragraph into a page, a page into a chapter and a chapter into a volume."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Family Secret Out.

Teacher — You don't know what h-u-n-t spells? What does your father do when his collar button is lost?

Johnny (slyly)—He says things.—Jewelers' Weekly.

WHY COUGH

Why cough and risk consumption, when the celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you at once? It never fails to cure throat and lung troubles. For bronchitis, sore throat and hoarseness it is invaluable.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Will cure a Hacking Cough.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 11:40, A. M., and 6,00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; conneet at Norfolk with all Rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with steamer for Roanoke, Cashiee Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings; also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Oriental and Dewbern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA.

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO,

Successors to John H Ziegler,
Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in th section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

Al. kinds of Cabinet Work done.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE CHRISTMASTIDE OF 1898.

The "time of the hollies" is close at hand now, and in what an un-Christmas-like temper it finds the human family! The heart of the peace-loving Czar must grieve as he looks around him. His own ministers scowl upon the demonstrative embraces of the Sultan and the Kaiser. his own soldiers have been shooting Japanese officers caught prowling about the fortifications at Port Arthur, pencil in hand; Japanese troops are hurrying to Corea; the whole Eastern sky is black with portents of the coming storm.

In Europe, matters are not much better. England's grip on the hilt of her mighty sword does not relax; vigilant and defiant, she awaits events. France and Spain are feverish with the fear of revolution. Italy is between the devil of red anarchy and the deep sea of national bankruptcy. Vienna bitterly resents the expulsion of Austrian subjects from Germany, and arrogant Berlin snaps its fingers in Vienna's face.

The chiming on the Christmas bells will not find a single one of the larger nations of the old world on terms of assured peace and good will with its neighbors.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

No message of recent years has been received with as deep interest as that of President McKinley. It contains no surprises in the way of unexpected topics, radical suggestions or sensational policies. Its merits consist in the general soundness of the views advanced upon a great variety of matters, all of which deserve their placr place in the message; in the fairness and moderation of tone with which disputed issues are treated; in the justice, humanity, kinkness of heart and practical good sense that are evident throughout, and in the admirable skill with which the President contrives to convey, in forms easily understood and remembered, a vast amount of exceedingly valuable information which every citizen needs to possess.

The great length of the message prevents us from publishing it. A synopsis of it appears on last page.

A New York "green goods" man thinks he is entitled to some credit because he "never cheated an honest man." The men he cheats are amateur rogues, who are greener than the goods they invest in. Whatever may be thought of the green goods dealer, he is about as honest as his victims who start out to cheat the unsophisticated.

Advices from Russia say the reports of the threatened famine there are growing more gloomy every day. Count Leo Toletol has petitioned the governnment for permission to form relief committees to cope with the distress and the Czar himself has contributed half a million roubles to the Red Cross Society to aid the starving.

"The largest volume of business ever recorded" is mentioned in the President's message as a proof of prosperity. That this should come to pass in a year of war is a remarkable circumstance, entirely unprecedented.

The tatal number of killed and wounded in both army and navy in the war with Spain is stated to be 1668. No one supposed at the beginning of hostilities that casualties could be kept down to this extent.

The Philippines more than paid their way up to two years ago, in spite of Spanish mismanagement. They will not be a financial burden under the intelligent business regulations of the United States.

In a hundred years the United States has grown from 13 States to 45. Surely the expansion of the past is by no means a slight thing to contemplate, and everybody is satisfied that it was right and advisable.

Hawai is commended by the President for having decided to "share our political heritage." If the Cubans are wise they will vote for the same kind of free government.

Government expenditures were larger than the revenue last year, but it took a war to keep down an old-fashioned Republican surplus.

It is reported in Washington that the President will make a tour of inspection in Cuba and Porto Rico at the first favorable opportunity.

The Treaty of Peace was signed by the American and Spanish Commissioners at Paris on Saturday.

Peace is a pleasant word to write over the entrance to the Christmas season.

Cold weather all over the country.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Dec. 9, 1898.

President McKinley by the wise omissions from his annual message to Congress has greviously disappointed the Democrats. That is why the whole menagerie is snarling. They thought or had persuaded themselves that they thought, the President would announce a hide bound policy towards the Philippines in advance of the actual possession of those islands by the United States, but the President isn't that sort of a statesman. He doesn't make up his mind upon any subject blind-folded, least of all upon such an important one as the future of eight million helpless people. He has delivered them from the evils of Spanish rule, and will give them a military government that will be far better than any government they have ever known. That is far enough to go for some time to come. He will know more about the subjects before recommending the next step. There are other omissions from the message that are equally wise, and they are equally as nagging to the Democrats, who have no other hope for future success that the mistakes they expect the Republicans to make. President McKinley possesses the faculty of knowing what not to say as well as what to say. That is one reason his administration has been suce a success.

Speaker Reed had a very pleasant Conference this week with the President and arranged for another to take place as soon as the Speaker has conferred with his Republican colleagues on the House Committee on Rules and the other Republican leaders in the House, and they have agreed upon the legislative program to be followed at this session. As soon as that program has been determined upon the Speaker will submit it to the President for approval and amendment. The same harmony that existed at the last session between the executive and legislative branches of the government is to be continued, so far as it is in the power of the Republicans of the House to continue it. The Senate, on account of its make-up—no party with maojritys—necessarily an uncertain quantity in the legislative program

The Kidney Complexion.

The pale, sallow, sunken-cheeked, distressed-looking people you so often meet are afflicted with "Kidney Complexion."

Their kidneys are turning to a parsnip color. So is their complexion.

They may also have indigestion, or suffer from sleeplessness, rheumatism, neuralgia, brain trouble, nervous exhaustion and sometimes the heart acts badly.

The cause is weak, unhealthy kidneys.

Usually the sufferer from kidney disease does not find out what the trouble is until it is almost too late, because the first symptons are so like mild sickness that they do not think they need a medicine or a doctor until they find themselves sick in bed.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root will build up and strengthen their weak and diseased kidneys, purify their diseased, kidney-poisoned blood, clear their complexion and soon they will enjoy better health.

You can get the regular sizes at the drug store, at fifty cents and one dollar, or you may first prove for yourself the wonderful virtues of this great discovers, Swamp-Root, by sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent you absolutely free by mail. When writing kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in the North Carolinian.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which Mrs John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follow. "I was in a most dreadful condition My skin was almost yellow, eyes sank en tongue coated, pain continualy in back and sides, no appetite—gradualy growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another vctim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents a bottle at A Wadsworth's Drug store.

A CHINESE WEDDING.

Everything Connected With the Ceremonies Is Decked In Red.

The Chinese place a significance upon every color, and in connection with a wedding red obtains a deep rooted, mysterious importance, the next bridal color in value being gold. At a betrothal the bridegroom elect sends his sweetheart a pair of bracelets fastened together with a piece of red ribbon or cord. The bride and bridegroom drain two wine cups at the wedding, which are also connected by a red cord. In northern China the attendants wear tall felt hats, and each hat has a red feather stuck upright in it. The attendants also carry the wedding presents. A sedan chair bears the bride herself.

In south China a sedan most wonderfully gilded is used by the wealthy classes, and it is decorated with what appears at first sight to be brilliant inlaid stones, but which are in reality the glossy feathers of the kingfisher. A handsome cloth of glowing red with trimmed border is also thrown over the chair.

In the case of the poorer classes red is also the prevailing bridal color, and a chair of ordinary carved wood, painted a bright red, is used. Above the door of the chair a kind of charm is placarded or hung upon a red cloth. The chair itself is sent by the bridegroom, accompanied by what corresponds to our best man. This functionary brings with him a letter written in yellow or gold upon red paper, praying the lady to enter and take her place.

Men dressed all in red and carrying red parcels containing the presents fall into the procession. Other bearers carry boards and banners, inscribed in golden letters upon a red ground. These banners tell the pedigree of both parties. Behind the bearers come the other attendants, with long poles, on which are hung very handsome lanterns. The bride's veil is of bright crimson hue and her dress regal gold and scarlet.—Wide World.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

REPORT
—OF—
Finance Committee
PASQUOTANK COUNTY, N. C., DECEMBER 5th, 1898.

To the Board of Commissioners of Pasquotank County:

We your Finance Committee appointed to audit the accounts of the several officers of the county and the condition of the county finances beg leave to report as follows:

The levy for county purposes was as follows:

General fund on property 26c on $100 valuation

General fund on polls, 61c.

School fund on property 18c on $100 valuation.

School fund on polls $1.29.

Funding fund on property 11c on $100 valuation.

The valuation upon which these taxes were laid were as follows:

All real and personal property	$2,248,803.00
The number of polls were	2 049

The amount of the taxes as laid by the different rates for different purposes as above amounted as follows:

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.

26c on 2,248,803,00	5846 89
61c on 2049, polls	1249 89
Total	$7096 78

SCHOOL FUND.

18c on $2,248,803.oo	4047 84
129c on 2049 polls	2643 21
Total	$6691 05

FUNDING FUND.

11c on $2,248,803.00	$2473 68

The amounts of the privilege and license taxes collects were found to be as shown in the accounts of the different officers in this report.

We find the account of T P Wilcox, sheriff, to be as follows:

T. P. WILCOX, DR.

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.

To property tax as per list	5846 89
" polls " "	1249 89
"10c on 133 polls not paid the State	13 30
"25c on $15,922 property not paid to State	39 80
"Pick up tax as per stubs	40 02
"Purchase tax, merchants	475 26
"Purchase tax, liquor	126 96
"Billiard & Pool tables	225 00
Total	$8017 12
Less 5 per cent commission	400 85
	$7616 27
To insolvents allowed by State	195 92
Total due general fund	$7722 19

SCHOOL FUND.

To amount property tax as per list	4047 84
" am't poll tax as per list	2643 21
" liquor license as per rp't	2040 00
Total	$8731 05
Less 5 per cent commission	436 55
Total am't due fund	$8294 50

FUNDING FUND.

To amount property tax as per list	2473 68
Less 5 per cent commission	123 68
Total am't due fund	$2350 oo

RECAPITULATION.

Totol am't due gen. fund	7722 19
Total am't due school fund	8294 50
Total a'mt due funding fund	2350 00
Total	$18 366 69

He has produced receipts from the Treasurer as follows:

General fund	7675 28
School fund	8344 27
Funding fund	2350 oo
Total	$18 369 55

From the above it will be seen that T. P. Wilcox has overpaid to the amount of $2.86. He also overpaid the school fund to the amount of $49.77 which amount is due the general fund as per Treasurer's acct.

C. A. BANKS, SHERIFF, Dr.

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.

To purchase tax, merchats	391 77
" purchase tax liquors	133 62
" ferry tax	14 92
" com'n merchants tax	6 15
" livery stables tax	12 oo
" hotel tax	18 25
Total	576 71
Less 5 per cent commission	28 83
	$547 88

CREDIT.

By amount paid Treasur as per receipt	$41o 56
Bal. due county	$137 32

He has also paid the Treasurer on account of school fund list of 1898, $3553 8o.

J. P. OVERMAN, C. S. C.

To amount fines &c. general fund, less commission	42 75
To incorporation tax &c., school fund, less com'n	116 85
Total	$159 6o
Credit by am't p'd Treasurer	$159 6o

M. B. CULPEPPER, R. of D,

To tax on 189 mar. licenses	189 oo
Less 5 per cent commission	9 45
Total amount due	$179 55
Credit am't p'd Treasurer	$179 55

JOHN S. MORRIS, Treasurer.

GENERAL FUND.

Bal. in hand Dec. 1, 1897	1283 o5
To am't received as follows:	
From T P Wilcox, sheriff	7675 28
From M B Culpepper R of D	179 55
From J P Overman, C S C	42 75
From M B Culpepper R of D	2 4o
From Kramer Bros & Co	9 42
From C A Bank, sheriff	41o 56
Total	$96o3 o1
Credit by orders paid and cancelled	9326 43
By commissions	274 74
	$96o1 17
Bal. due fund	1 84
A'mt due school fund	49 77
Total am't due gen'l fund	$51 61

SCHOOL FUND.

To bal in hand Dec. 1st, '97	1127 18
To am't received as follows:	
From T P Wilcox, sheriff	8344 27
J P Overman, C S C	116 85
F M Newby, j p	1o oo
J Parker, j p	1 oo
J J Richarson, j p	1 oo
M B Culpepper, j p	2 5o
A Armstrong, j p	5 oo
Dr. Temple, j p	5 oo
J W Stokely	1 oo
A Armstrong, j p	2 oo
T T Whitcomb, j p	2 oo
P S Shipp, j p	1 oo
State Treasurer	391 86
Gaston Pool, county exam'er	26 5o
I M Meekins, co. examiner	69 oo
C A Banks, sheriff	3553 8o
Total	$13659 96
Credit by orders paid	9153 66
By commissions	245 73
	$9399 39
	426o 57
Less a'nt due gen. fund	49 77
Bal. school fund	$421o 8o

FUNDING FUND.

To bal. Dec. 1, 1897	28 95
To am't from T P Wilcox	235o oo
	$2378 95
Credit by bonds paid and cancelled	212o oo
By commissions	64 75
	$2184 75
Bal due fund	$ 194 2o

ALMSHOUSE FUND.

To proceeds bonds sold	4000 oo
Insurance on old building	1044 85
Total	$5044 85
Credit by orders paid and cancelled	5098 25
By commission	152 67
Total	$5251 82
Bal due Treasury	$ 2o6 o7

RECAPITULATION.

To am't due gen'l fund	51 61
Due school fund	421o 8o
Due funding fund	194 2o
Total	$4456 61
By amount overpaid almshouse fund	2o6 o7
Total am't due county	$425o 54

We find outstanding orders to the amount of $94.98; orders issued by Board of Education, $19 63; jury tickets, $14 15. Total outstanding, $128 76.

We find that the amount expended on the general county fund during the year exceeds the income to the amount of $1231 44.

The total outstanding indebtedness of the county is as follows:

Bonds issued on account of county house	4000 oo
Outstanding orders	128 76
Total	$4128 76

We recommend that the ballance due the funding fund be transferred to general county fund and that the amount due Treasurer on county house fund be paid out of the general fund. Also that the amount unpaid by T P Wilcox on school fund be transferred ts general county fund

We cancelled all jury tickets, school and county orders as presented by the Treasurer and cancelled all stubs on the different order books.

For a full report of all the officers we refer to their itemized reports filed in the office of the Register of Deeds.

We found the accounts of all the officers in good shape, all of them being ready to settle up their accounts with the county in full.

Respectfully submitted,
C. E. KRAMER } Finance
W. J. WILLIAMS. } Committee.
December 5th, 1898.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

John S. Morris, Treasurer, in account with Pasquotank County.

1897	COUNTY FUND.	Dr.
Dec. 1	Bal. due Finance Report 1897	1283 05
" 18	By J. P. Overman Jury Fund	5 70
Feb. 5	By T. P. Wilcox	2000 00
" 12	By M. B. Culpepper marriage license	50 00
Mch. 12	T. P. Wilcox	1000 00
Apl. 9	T. P. Wilcox	1000 00
" 9	J. P. Overman jury fund	24 70
May 14	T. P. Wilcox	1000 00
Aug. 1	By M B Culpepper marriage license	50 00
Sept. 5	T P Wilcox	2675 28
" 10	By M B Culpepper marriage license	60 00
" 17	By J P Overman fine 285 and 287	5 70
Oct. 4	By J P Overman fine 190 and 190	3 80
" 8	By M B Culpepper am't Ella Brown	2 40
Nov. 19	By M B Culpepper marriage license	19 55
" 26	By J P Overman jury fund	2 85
Dec. 1	By C A Banks sh'ff	410 56
" 3	By Kramer Bros. & Co.	9 42
		$9603 01

CREEITS.

Paid county orders as folllows:

December 4, 1897.	
McCabe & Grice	27 38
December 10.	
M White	4 00
C E Kramer	12 00
C E Kramer	10 00
C A Banks	1 00
W Spruil	2 00
W C Symons	80
Mrs S. Davis	2 00
A Morris	2 00
M B Culpepper	12 10
A. F. Toxey & Co	53 45
J S. Morris	13 62
J H Wilson	1 32
December 11.	
T Meads	3 00
J B Flora & Co	23 35
T Pritchard	2 00
C Walker	9 00
M Mitchell	2 00
S Fletcher	2 00
P Weeks	2 00
G M Scott	2 50
Charlotte Riddick	2 00
Dr I Fearing	21 25
H O Hill	8 00
H A Raper	50 01
J Taylor	2 00
S Price	2 00
C Morris	2 00
H Madrin	2 00
N Sawyer	2 00
M Turner	2 00
Palemon John	8 50
Mrs S Davis	2 00
Palemon John	11 00
J Mullen	2 00
M Turner	2 00
M Butt	2 00
M Butt	2 00
J Mullen	2 00
December 16th	
Ehringhaus Bros. & Co.	58 43
December 18th	
S Cartwright	2 00
January 4th, 1898.	
Louis Selig	25 00
M Butt	2 00
A Morris	2 00
T Barrington	50
M B Culpepper	42 00
C E Kramer	1 00
C E Kramer	6 75
J B Flora & Co	55 92
M White	2 00
J Taylor	2 00
S Price	2 00
S Cartwright	2 00
L G Pippin	4 00
Mrs A Palmer	8 00
W J Broughton	5 00
January 6th.	
H A Raper	22 93
M J Bunch	2 00
January 8th.	
F Dailey (jury ticket)	8 40
H O Hill	2 00
Fowler & Co	11 24
M Turner	2 00
T Pritchard	2 00
J Mullen	2 00
B G Winslow	4 00
W Lane	42 00
Paid Jury Tickets Jan. 8, 1898, as follows:	
M G Sedgwick	9 10
C S Pritchard	9 60
M S Sawyer	10 70
T Meads	10 60
W H Brothers	9 80
E Davis	9 10
W J F Spence	10 80
J R Stokely	9 20
L E White	10 90
L Perry	10 60
N M Butt	9 10
C G Harris	9 80
M Russell	9 70
T T Whitcomb	3 10
W H Munden	9 80
F M Dexter	3 10
I Winslow	4 60
R Barcliff	4 60
L L Haymon	9 10
J H Pasterfield	1 60
C McDonald	1 60
A Armstrong	3 10
T N Banks	3 20
Paid county orders same date as follows:	
S Fletcher	2 00
A W Stanton	6 75
H Madrin	2 00
P Weeks	2 00
Dr I Fearing	35 05
Mrs S Davis	2 00
C Riddick	2 00
W Spruil	2 00
J Riggs	2 00
W J Woodley	2 00
W J Woodley	52 05
C Morris	2 00
McCabe & Grice	6 20
McCabe & Grice	3 00
R Nix Morgan	3 00
January 15th.	
S Jones	2 00
Sawyer & Jones	3 oo
Palemon John	52 00
Palemon John	5o oo
Sawyer & Aydlett	2 85
Sawyer & Aydlet	24 75
M Mitchell	2 oo
January 22d	
H Bowe, jury ticket,	1 6o
I Whedbee	2 00
G M Scott	2 5o
S Morris, jury ticket	1 6o
N R Parker	4 75
January 29th	
J Swain	2 00
J Swain	3 oo
Mrs William Corbett	2 oo
February 5th	
H Woodhouse, jury ticket	1 6o
P W Melick	88
T P Wilcox	443 46
Ehringhus Bros. & Co	57 oo
F F Cohoon	6 oo
J E Wood	4 15
M N Sawyer	1 oo
M N. Sawyer	2 oo
N Sawyer	2 oo
D Simpson	1 oo
F D vis	24 oo
H A Raper	1o 65
J T Davis	4 78
F M Godfrey	15 00
M B Culpepper	11 75
Mrs William Corbett	2 00
J Riggs	2 00
M B Culpepper	10 00
M B Culpepper	30 80
M B Culpepper	1 00
F Davis	6 00
E F Aydlett	5 00
W J Williams	18 00
W J Williams	10 00
J E Williams	4 50
T Meads	3 00
T P Wilcox	20 00
T P Wilcox	18 00
T Barrington	2 00
J M Carter	3 oo
T P Wilcox	2 oo
T P Wilcox	2 oo
W H Ballard	4o
Paid jury tickets same date:	
L R Sawyer	1o 7o
F M Newby	1 6o
E Kite	7 6o
G W Whitehurst	1 6o
G Bright	1 6o
C Pool	1 6o
S J Harris	8 oo
J S Rogers	6 1o
C T Parker	9 1o
T M Walker	7 6o
T L Spence	9 4o
D H Hewitt	9 4o
D T Swain	6 1o
J M Bright	1 6o
J G Sharber	9 4o
J W Sykes	9 1o
J A Morton	4 6o
S R Hazen	3 1o
P Keaton	9 2o
R Palmer	8 6o
H Cale	9 1o
N Swain	4 6o
R Bowe	1 6o
J Shannon	2 3o
J Rrown	1 6o
J R Bright	3 oo
J S Rogers	1 6o
W A Williams	3 4o
W T Harris	2 3o
G Bright	1 8o
W N Parker	1 9o
J A Taylor	1 9o
W J Temple	1 6o
E J Spence	9 5o
J Cohoon	1 6o
February 10th, Paid county orders:	
C Sawyer	1 oo
J Riggs	2 oo
J P Overman	1o8 28
A Morris	oo 2
M White	2 oo
H A Raper	27 91
M B Culpepper	47 oo
Culpepper, Griffin & Old	1o 12
M Butt	2 oo
February 12th.	
M B Culpepper	54 15
A Adams	2 45
M Turner	2 oo
J Mullen	2 oo
Palemon John	6 oo
C Morris	2 oo
P Weeks	2 oo
S Fletcher	2 oo
W C Brooks	3 45
C Riddick	2 oo
Dr I Fearing	28 15
W J Broughton	5 oo
J T Davis	3 8o
C E Kramer	1oo
Kramer Bros & Co	6o
T Meads	3 oo
W H Wood, jury ticket,	1 6o
Moses Weisel	4 66
T Pritchard	2 oo
C Walker	16 2o
I Turner	1 1o
J Tayler	2 oo
S Price	2 oo
N Sawyer	2 oo
G M Scott	2 5o
I Whedbee	2 oo
S Cartwright	2 oo
E Freeman	1 35
February 18th.	
M Mitchell	2 oo
H Madrin	2 oo
February 26th.	
Mrs Corbett	2 oo
Mrs S Swain	2 oo
B F Spence	4 oo
March 5th.	
Raper & White	8 12
Raper & White	3 54
P W Melick	4 80
March 7th.	
R Bright	1 25
C E Kramer	6 00
A B Armstrong	6 60
F M Godfrey	9 00
Kramer Bros	9 96
W J Williams	10 8o
M B Culpepper	13 85
Culpepper Griffin & Old	55 5o
I M Meekins	25 oo
March 12th.	
P Weeks	2 oo
S Fletcher	2 oo
M Butt	2 oo
T Pritchard	2 oo
J H Price	4 oo
J M Carter	4 oo
J M Carter	4 2o
N M White	3 75
C Riddick	2 oo
Dr. I Fearing	17 4o
J Riggs	2 oo
A Morris	2 oo
P W Melick	70
C A Banks	1 5o
M White	2 oo
W Spruill	2 00
C Morris	2 00
E. City Coal Co.	6 oo
Mrs S Davis	2 00
Sarah Price	2 00
J Taylor	2 00
M Turner	2 00
J Mullen	2 00
Z W Hollowell	2 66
B Emmett	10 00
Mrs Corbett	2 00
T P Wilcox	2 00
E Overton	3 00
M Riddick	2 45
W Bryant	2 45
W H Keaton	1 10
W H Keaton	3 90
A B Armstrong	5 40
J M Carter	1 50
M B Culpepper	3 11
W Spruill	2 00
N E Jones	2 00
N E Jones	2 00
N E Jones	2 00
W N Gregory	8 20
D S Kramer	20 00
G W Brothers	1 10
H Sedgwick	1 10
A Armstrong	25
T B Wilson	1 60
S Mathews	1 50
H R Williams	2 10
M G Sedgwick	12 40
T W Cain	85
J A Morton	7 05
T. P. Wilcox	2 00
" "	174 90
" "	2 0o
" "	2 20
" "	29 70
N Baker	1 05
P S Shipp	2 00
" "	1 75
" "	3 14
H A Raper	29 41
M J Burk	2 00
B C Jackson	2 00
" "	1 50
P S Shipp, jury ticket	3 1o
B C Jackson, jury ticket	3 20
H Madrin	2 00
W J Broughton	5 0o
W J Woodley	50 45
S Cartwright	2 90
F F Cohoon	150 00
N Sawyer	2 00
G M Scott	2 50
March 19th.	
G Elliott	2 10
March 26th.	
J Shannon, jury ticket	1 60
J E Brown, jury ticket	1 60
M Mitchell	2 00
J E Bailey, jury ticket	7 76
April 2d.	
J Swain	2 00
J Swain	2 00
C Cartwright	1 20
M D Speliman, jury ticket	1 60
April 9th.	
C Riddick	2 00
P Weeks	2 00
S Fletcher	2 00
A F Toxey & Co.	56 12
Culpepper Griffin & Old	55 50
Edwards & Broughton	23 05
R W Berry	1 7o
M B Culpepper	11 77
Warren Spruill	2 00
C A Banks	1 05
H Heath	1 10
A Morris	2 00
M B Culpepper	3 00
Mrs J. A Taylor	50
J S Wilcox	50
J Lamb	60
H A Raper	29 91
W J Bronghton	5 00
P W Melick	6 96
P W Melick	1 50
Kramer Bros. & Co	5 00
H Madrin	2 00
T Meades	3 00
T Meades	3 00
J P Overman	58 23
J M Carter	2 50
J Mullen	2 00
Mrs S Davis	2 00
T Pritchard	2 00
J Riggs	2 00
M White	2 00
M Turner	2 00
Dr I Fearing	21 20
C Morris	2 00
J A Morton	80
S Cartwright	2 00
S R Hazen	60
M Butt	2 00
W H Keaton	7 80
Dr J E Wood	9 00
E. Citity Iron Works	1 25
E. City Iron Works	60
M Davis	2 00
A Daniels	1 10
William Long	2 45
M Davis	2 00
T P Wilcox	2 00
D L Stallinger	2 00
T P Wilcox	2 00
J A Taylor	2 00
S Price	2 00
J. P. Evans	5 00

Balance of Report next week.

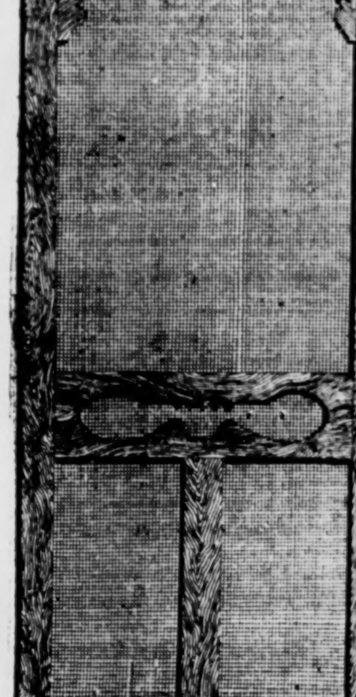
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1899.

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ABLEST WRITERS IN THE WORLD

will be found in its pages.

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Westminister Review,	Andrew Lang,
Contemporary Review,	Prof. Max Mueller,
Fortnightly Review,	J. Norman Lockyer.
Nineteenth Century	James Bryce, M. P..
Science Review,	William Black
Blackwood's Magazine,	W H Mallock,
Cornhill Magazine	Herbeut Spenter,
Macmillian's Magzzine,	T. P. Mahaffy,
New Review,	Sir Robert Ball,
National Review,	Prince Kropotkin,
Chamber's Journal	Archdeacon Farrar,
Temple Bar,	St. George Mivart,
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Public Opinion,	Frederick Harrison,
Saturday Review,	Karl Blind,
The Spectator,	etc., etc.
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DIRECTORY.

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Collector of Customs—Palemon John,

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Churchsts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, W. S. Penick, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Whedbee Buildg: Preaching 11a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. F. Hunter, pastor.

Evangelical Association, B. C. Krupp, pastor, Opera House, every Sunday morning and night.

COLORED—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Luke Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S. P. Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, jr. W. M.; Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Middleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; D. B. Bradford, Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chapiain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, Steward; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows; Achoree Lodge No. 14; W. A. Jones, N. G.; R. H. Commander, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'ry; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Ballard, F. G.

Ialola Encampment No. 8; W. A. Jones, C. P.; E. L. Garrett, H. P.; D. M. Simons, S. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; E. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; B. C. Lane, Sr. Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Murray, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper, W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harvey Jennings; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor Gaston Pool; Board of Education: John D. Fulmer, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

ISAAC M. MEEKINS,

*** Attorney-at-Law. ***

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

B. G. CRISP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Manteo, N. C.
☞ Practices in all the Courts. Collections a specialty.

WOOD FOR SALE.

I am prepared to furnish Wood Green or Dry, and Sawed if wanted. Will sell by the load or cord and deliver in any part of the city. My yard is at the late W. J. Griffin place on North Road street.

W. F. JENNINGS.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, December 15, 1898.

☞ Look forward.

☞ Keep up with the procession.

☞ Decide on your plans for 1899.

☞ The advance agent of Santa Claus is abroad in the land.

☞ See annual announcement of the Eclectic Magazine in another column.

☞ Quite a number of vessels are being fitted up for oyster dredging.

☞ It is clearly evident that the Democratic "pie" isn't going to reach around.

☞ The Elizabeth City Cotton Mill is building an additional warehouse for the storage of cotton.

☞ Mr. James Warren, of Mumford, died on the 6th inst, in the 70th year of his age.

☞ Died at her home in this county on the 6th inst, Mrs Sarah Scott, aged 64 years. She was an estimable lady. She was buried at Corinth.

☞ Because of the unusual press of matter this week obliges us to condense our Washington letter and to omit several articles and standing ads.

☞ Hon. Harry Skinner has introduced a bill in Congress to establish a Circuit Federal Court at Elizabeth City and Newberne. It is what the CAROLINIAN has suggested.

☞ As a rule the average farmer who farms for a living, growing every thing he can, gets a betterr living, and far more satisfaction out of the farm and out of life than the one crop man,

☞ A subscriber on renewing his subscription takes occasion to say: "Of all the hard and unkind things your political enemies have said of and about you, none of them have ever called you a fool." Well, we believe not.

☞ At Edenton, on the evening of the 8th inst, Mr. Henry G. Skinner and Mrs. Jane L. Rogerson were quietly married by and at the home of Rev. Robert Drane. The CAROLINIAN tenders congratulations and a sincere wish for long life and happiness.

☞ The Honor Roll of the Elizabeth City Public school was handed in too late for last issue. It is as follows: Eva Godfrey, Carrie Cherry, Bruce Davis, Blanche Brothers, Mary Webb, Eugene Lane, Paul Lamb, Minnie Clough, Carrie Lane, John Banks, Rose Godwin and Mattie Webb. Send report earlier hereafter.

☞ A man told us the other day that the highest compliment ever paid to his character—so far as he knew—was overheard by him when coming suddenly upon one of his friends, who said of him: "He wears so well!" Somebody once said: "Nothing in this world is more rare than a person who is habitually endurable."

☞ As stated last week, it is so easy to criticise and find fault. The "Fisherman and Farmer" continues at it. Its article on "Another Lawsuit" is misleading. An examination of the records will show that the "piece of land" was given to the town "for a street." The Elizabeth City Manufacturing Company, about to engage largely in business here, invest capital and give employment to labor, asked the privilege of building a switch on said street to give them an outlet to the railroad. At the October meeting of the City Commissioners, at the request of the President of the Company, and as a matter of precaution, a jury was appointed to condemn the land—50 feet wide and 500 feet long—the expenses to be borne by the Company. At the November meeting the report of the jury was accepted and the privilege for the proposed switch granted. At the last meeting a representative of the Toadvine Lumber Company appeared and asked that the order be rescinded which, of course, was refused, whereupon he demande one thousand dollars dollars damages. The President, on behalf of the Company, indemnifies the Corporation against all costs and damages that may accrue from any suit.

——As for the Electric Railway franchise, the offer of a party claiming to represent the Electric Light Company was rejected for several reasons. Judging from the service rendered the Corporation, it was believed that the Company already had as much on hand as it could well do; knowing that the stockholders had not been consulted; that a number of them would object; aware of the fact that the date of its franchise will soon expire, and unwilling to risk the delay that litigation might cause, and possibly result in failure to comply, it was deemed safest and best to accept the offer of Mr. Pendleton who has a party at his back with ample capital and successful experience in this line of work. An Electric Street Railway is in the line of progress. Let no impediment be allowed to be in the way.

☞ Memory tempers prosperity, mitigates adversity, controls youth and delights old age.

☞ If a man knows how to use money, it will become his handmaid; if not it will become his master.

☞ NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

☞ Better is a dinner of herbs from a man's own garden than much rich provender bought on credit.

☞ If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

☞ Good taste rejects excessive nicety; it treats little things as little things and is not hurt by them.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

☞ Fowler & Co are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock

☞ The "born cook," like the genuine workman, turns out a good job with the material at hand.

☞ The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

☞ There are three important things to do with a farm—if it is hungry, feed it; if it is dirty, clean it; if it is

☞ Weigh not so much what men assert, as what they prove. Truth is simple and naked, and needs not invention to apparel her comeliness.

☞ Going after business is like going after everything else. The more judgment displayed in the going, the more satisfactory will be the results,

☞ SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, for the young and old at Fowler & Co's at bottom prices.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

☞ Says an observer: "All the ways of a man is right in his own eyes, but the Lord giveth the crop to him who worketh it well."

☞ Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

☞ There is no easier way in the world for one to lose a good name than to have it engraved on the handle of an umbrella.

☞ It doesn't cause a man's heart to overleap with joy as he meanders home at 2 a. m. to discover that both himself and the moon are down to their last quarter.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞ To an inquiry "How many Admirals have we in the Navy now?" we answer: "We have no full Admirals, the highest flag rank in our Navy being Rear Admirals. Of these we have six, as follows: Francis E. Bunce, George Dewey, Frederick V. McNair, John A. Howell, William T. Sampson, Winfield S. Schley and Henry L. Howison.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruisrs, Sares, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price twenty-five cents per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

☞ The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 7:03 and will set to-night at 4:47.—The blunt man often makes the most cutting remarks.—Mr. J. B. Blades is off on a business trip North.—The widow's weeds sometimes give way to the rake.—Farmers from the country continue moving to the city. The population is growing all the while.—The truest test of friendship is not in words but actions.—Mr. Samuel Cooper is building a residence on his farm at the West end of Main street.—It isn't always the most promising man who pays his debts.—Hon. K. R. Pendleton, Collector of Customs at Edenton, was in the city on Thursday on official business. He gave us a call.—Pleasure that is'nt enjoyed with another loses half its power to please.—Mrs. Clara Bailey, of Middleton, Conn., is visiting Mrs. John Williams on Fearing street.—Remarked a certain old lady: "Well, you know what the prophet said: 'Figs do not grow on thistles.'" "Yes; I s'pose the durn fool had been tryin' t' graft 'em," was the reply she got.—The Jingler thus refers to "The Ceaseless Struggle:"

'Tis always morning somewhere in the world.
Ah! by what cruel fate this globe is twirled!
Forever somewhere—Oh, the bitter cup,
Sad woman try to get her husband up.

—Some people have no time to think because they talk too much.—Mr. Fred Steager is moving his bottling house on Pearl street.—The wise man gets a lot of free instruction from fools.—Mr. Walter L. Cohoon has returned to Wake Forest to complete his studies.—The man with a narrow mind usually makes up for it in the length of his aguments.—Mrs. J. C. Cantwell and son are the guests of Mrs. J. F. Engle on Church street.—Men may philosophize better than women, but the latter are more successful in reading the human heart.—Mr. Caleb Raper has removed from the First Ward back to his farm near Weeksville.—Cupid can see the silver lining of the darkest cloud.—Mr. John B. Van Zant, State Organizer of the I. O. Red Men, was in the city last week.—The Versifier states the following as a fact:

There's naught in this world to be had
Except by earnest trying;
Many a financial standing's made
Good by financial lying.

—The brick work of the H. C. Godfrey building on Poindexter street is completed.—Lots of married men who have no knowledge of music play second fiddle.—Lieut. E. C. Chayter, now stationed at New Orleans, was in the city last week on business.—A man should never tell his wife to hurry *up* when she is coming *down* stairs.—"Do you take me for a fool?" she hissed. "Well, never mind, my dear," he replied consolingly, "I took you for better or worse, you know."—Miss Jane Moore is off on a visit to friends in Portsmouth.—Don't think an apology always wipes out the offense—The children of Dr. Sheldon McMullan, of Hertford, have been visiting their grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Pailin, on Main street.—It occurred in the Second Ward:

He kissed her rather suddenly,
And, though surprised was she,
She only blushed a little bit,
And said: "That's one on me,"

—The good points of a great many people seem to have broken off.—Mr. L. L. Herrington and bride, of Pachelor, Miss Nellie Pearce, of Pollocksville, and Miss Jennie Davis, of Newbern, who have been the guests for a week of Mrs. C. W. Hussey, on West Parsonage street, have left for their homes.—"How is it that you always get the best of your wife in an argument?" a Fearing street man was asked. He replied: "Just keep quiet and let her talk herself into a good humor." It's a good policy.—Hon. T. G. Skinner and wife passed through the city the other day en route for Washington City to spend a few weeks.—The most profitable teaching is the lesson of the moment.—The Stroller reports that handsome new residences continue being erected on West Main street, the latest being that of Mr. James H. Aydlett nearly completed. Indeed Main street will now vie with any town in the State in beautiful homes.—The poor optimist gets more real enjoyment out of his earthly sojourn than the wealthy pessemist.—Truly saith the Poet:

Were I so tall to reach the pole
Or grasp the ocean with my span,
I must be measured with my soul,
The mind's the standard of the man.

—Rev. Dr. Johnston, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, is absent this week over the Sound and will not occupy his pulpit here until Christmas day.—It is rumored that the Demorats propose to increase the number of the Wards of the City from 5 to 7.—See Libel notice against the schooner Annie Reynolds.— Felix Jones esq., has moved from Camden and located here.—J. Q. A. Wood esq., was in the city on Tuesday. He called and paid his respects.—Frank Vaughan, Receiver, advertises sale of the property of the Pasquotank Lumber Company.—T. J. Basnight, Treasurer of Washington county, gave us a call yesterday.—The Bazaar at the Albemarle House on Tuesday and last nights, by the ladies of Christ's Church, was unique, interesting and enjoyable.—Louis Hines, now with the Wilkins Lumber Company, is here at his old home to spend the holidays.

WINE OF CARDUI

MONTHLY SUFFERING.



Thousands of women are troubled at monthly intervals with pains in the head, back, breasts, shoulders, sides hips and limbs. But they need not suffer.

These pains are symptoms of dangerous derangements that can be corrected. The menstrual function should operate painlessly.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

makes menstruation painless, and regular. It puts the delicate menstrual organs in condition to do their work properly. And that stops all this pain. Why will any woman suffer month after month when Wine of Cardui will relieve her? It costs $1.00 at the drug store. Why don't you get a bottle to-day?

For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. ROZENA LEWIS, of Oenaville, Texas, says: "I was troubled at monthly intervals with terrible pains in my head and back, but have been entirely relieved by Wine of Cardui."

WINE OF CARDUI

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CHRISTMAS

MELICK.

Santa Claus

TOYS, FANCY GOODS,

....PRESENTS....

WE HAVE THEM and want you to get them. The stock is as well chosen as our

TWENTY-SIX YEARS'

experience in buying for this market from the best markets can make it. It is a full assortment of Suitable, Seasonable Articles

FOR THE CHILDREN.

You can select with little trouble and less expense just what you want, and, better still, just what they want.

TIN, WOODEN, MECHANICAL, **TOYS,**

GAMES, DOLLS, BLOCKS,

EXPRESS WAGONS,

VELOCIPEDES,

DOLLS AND PUZZLES.

See them and you realize why no little woman is so happy as when with her doll—

BISQUE, CHINA, RAG, UNBREAKBLE, RUBBER, **Dolls,**

a goodly sized family—but they can leave us for a small consideration. Dolls are cheap.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE

our 5c, 10c, 15c and 25c Selections. You may know just about how much you want to spend but not just what you want to buy, so we have selected our best values at above prices and arranged them so as to be easily examined. Come to see our

HOLIDAY DISPLAY,

It is worth your time and trouble.

P. W. Melick.

Elizabeth City District—First Round
R. A. Willis, P. E., Eliz. City, N. C.

Elizabeth City	Dec.		18
Plymouth	"	31	Jan 1
Roper at Roper	Jan	1	2
Pantego at Pantego	"		3
South Camden Wesley Ch'l	"	7	8
Gates, Gaytesville.	"	14	15
North Gates, at Kittrels	"	15	16
Pasquotank at Hall's Creek	"	21	22
Currituck, Ebenezer	"		25
Hsrtford, at Hsrtford	"	28	29
Perquimans, Cedar Grove	"	29	30
Roanoke Island	Feb	5	6
Dare, at Croatan	"		7
Kitty Hawk, Collington	"		8
Camden, at Trinity	"	11	12
Columbia at Columbia	"	18	19
Kesnekeet,	"	18	18
Hatteras at Hatteras	"	18	19

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michel Curtain, Plainfield Ill., makes the statement, that she caught a cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from the first dose. She continued to use it and after taking six bottles found herself sound and well; now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at A. Wadsworth's drug Store. Large bottles 50c and $1.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS a libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina by Chas. E. Wicks on the schooner Annie Reynolds, her tackle, apparel and furniture for supplies, etc., now, therefor, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court to me directed I have attached said schooner and do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said vessel, her tackle, etc., to appear before the said Court to held at the Clerk's office in Elizabeth City on Wednesday, the 21st of December, 1898, at 12 o'clock, M., then and there to interpose their claims and to make allegations in that behalf.

Dated the 12th day of Dec. 1898.

H. C. DOCKERY,
U. S. Marshall.
Per A. D. MORISEY, Deputy.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to decree of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County N. C., I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder at 12 o'clock, M., on Monday, January 30th, 1899, before the Court House door at Elizabeth City in said county the Mill Buildings and entire Steam Saw Mill plant of the Pasquotank Lumber Co., situate on the Pasquotank River and on the line of the N. & S. R. R. in said Elizabeth City; also a lot of timber and sawed lumber and rafting gear; also several tracts of timber land in Tyrell county. The whole plant is said to be in excellent condition. Parties who may desire to purchase the property are invited to examine it or write, postage paid, to the undersigned. Terms of sale one-third cash, balance at one and two years, with approved security, with interest from day of sale. Persons who have claims against the Company are requested to present the same to me before the day of sale.

FRANK VAUGHAN, Receiver.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Don't forget Emancipation Day.

Several of our people are on the sick list this week.

Make your friend a Christmas gift of a year's subscription to the CAROLINIAN.

Mrs. Alice Jones returned Saturday to her home in Edenton.

G. R. Lowry, of Petersburg, has been spending several days in our community.

A number of our Camden and Currituck friends were in town Saturday purchasing Xmas supplies.

Ye reporter notes several new buildings being erected by our people in different parts of the city.

The officers of Varick Christian Endeavor Society extend a cordial invitation to all its Sunday evening meetings.

J. P. Windley, of Washington, has returned home after a short while spent in our town.

William Brown's pet bear on Shannon street attracts the attention of passers-by both by its size and antics.

A large and attractive national flag has been raised upon the pole recently erected at the public school.

Rev. Berry, who has been residing in the "race track" for several years, has moved to a place near Okisko.

Dame Rumor reports two marriages for next week and one for the week following next.

Reports of sneak thiefs are being heard. Be on the lookout for them and disappoint them in their nefarious expectations.

C. J. Jenkins came over from Norfolk Saturday and spent a short while in the city.

Rev. Clayton being unwell Sunday his pulpit was filled by Presiding Elder Winfield, of Edenton, who delivered one of the plainest and most practical sermons it has been our pleasure to hear in that church.

An infant child of W. H. Bowe and wife was burried on Saturday.

Mrs A. L. Hawkins left Monday to spend the holidays with her brother in Baltimore.

Mrs. Martha Williams, of Portsmouth, is visiting friends here.

Some of our friends who are attending the Masonic Grand Lodge in session at Oxford write us that there is a very large attendance.

The funeral of Mrs. Alice Overton, had been sick for a long time, took place Saturday morning.

H. A. W. Mebane, late Captain of Co. E, U. S. V. I., now stationed in Georgia, has severed his connection with the army and is expected to return home in short.

CROUP

Mothers, when your children are attacked by the dreadful croup, you need not despair; Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will relieve and cure them at once. You can always depend on this marvelous remedy; it always cures.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Will cure Croup without fail.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

$1.00

Dr. E. Detchon's At Diuretl

May be worth to you more than $100 you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

2 LARGE STORES

CONNECTED

and **UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT**

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Family Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because in this doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Provisions, supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you of

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up to date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us accommodating as we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Watch for Christmas.

Yankee Watches Reduced to 75c.

Climax Stem Winder reduced to $1.00 at

FOWLER & CO.'S

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

☞ Ample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Administrator of the late Emiline Markham, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

L. M. SATTERTHWAITE,
Adm'r of Emiline Markham.
November 21, 1898.

Apt to Affect the Nerves.

Cold weather is just as apt to affect the nerves as any other part of the body, and neuralgia sets in. St. Jacobs Oil is just as certain to cure it as it cures all the general pains and aches of the body.

The Americans are the wealthiest people in the world per capita.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The State of Texas has set aside for the education of each child $4.50.

The Triumph of the Season.

A crop of sprains and bruises is harvested from outdoor sports. The cure is the crop St. Jacobs Oil delights in as the triumph of the season, the one that beats the record.

In olden times the English ate but three meals a day.

It is better to remove than to hide complexional blemishes. Use Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

In Italy mushroom poisoning is of more than weekly occurrence.

Make It a Point

To Get the Best Every Time, When You Buy Medicine.

Health is too valuable to be trifled with. Do not experiment. Get Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will have the best medicine money can buy — the medicine that cures when all others fail. You have every reason to expect it will do for you what it has done for others. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price $1.

Hood's Pills are the favorite cathartic.

Silver Cups For a Cruiser.

An artistic set of silver punch cups to be presented to the cruiser Raleigh by Mr. and Mrs. Alfred W. Haywood, of Haw River, N. C., has just been completed.

Mrs. Haywood, who is a daughter of Governor Holt, of North Carolina, was sponsor for the cruiser at the time of her christening. The cups are twelve in number and weigh 100 ounces Troy. Each cup is four inches high and three inches in diameter, resting upon four dolphins, whose bodies curve gracefully about the body of the cup. They are highly polished and lined with gold. They are of the same design as the massive punch bowl which was presented to the cruiser by the citizens of North Carolina when she first went into commission.

The Raleigh is a second-rate cruiser that formed part of Admiral Dewey's squadron and is now on the Asiatic station.—Baltimore Sun.

THE DUTY OF MOTHERS.

Daughters Should be Carefully Guided in Early Womanhood.

What suffering frequently results from a mother's ignorance; or more frequently from a mother's neglect to properly instruct her daughter!

Tradition says "woman must suffer," and young women are so taught. There is a little truth and a great deal of exaggeration in this. If a young woman suffers severely she needs treatment and her mother should see that she gets it.

Many mothers hesitate to take their daughters to a physician for examination; but no mother need hesitate to write freely about her daughter or herself to Mrs. Pinkham and secure the most efficient advice without charge. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

The following letter from Miss MARIE F. JOHNSON, Centralia, Pa., shows what neglect will do, and tells how Mrs. Pinkham helped her:

"My health became so poor that I had to leave school. I was tired all the time, and had dreadful pains in my side and back. I was also troubled with irregularity of menses. I was very weak, and lost so much flesh that my friends became alarmed. My mother, who is a firm believer in your remedies from experience, thought perhaps they might benefit me, and wrote you for advice. I followed the advice you gave, and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills as you directed, and am now as well as I ever was. I have gained flesh and have a good color. I am completely cured of irregularity."

Try Grain-O!
Try Grain-O!

Ask you Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee.

The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee.

15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee
Looks like Coffee

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Before the Revolutionary War the Virginians called the New Englanders Yankees.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

There are some tollgates still in Philadelphia, Penn.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Clubs for the study of the French language have been organized in Chicago.

Knocks Coughs and Colds.

Dr. Arnold's Cough Killer cures Coughs and Colds. Prevents Consumption. All druggists. 25c

Business failures in the United States for the past week numbered 178.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

About twenty-five persons in every million commit suicide in England.

The Merrimac's Flag.

Lieutenant Richmond Pearson Hobson, in his personal story of "The Sinking of the Merrimac" in the Century, says:

With regard to the ensign, I had asked Captain Miller about the ensign of the Merrimac. He said that he had already considered the matter, but had found that the strippers had taken off the ensign and the contents of the signal-chest, and even the signal-halyards. In fact, the men had been so keen for relics and souvenirs that nothing seemed to have escaped. He said that he had, however, an enormous flag, blue field, or background, with "Maine" across it in large letters, which he proposed to have bent on. But I was particularly anxious for a large national flag, and put it down on the list of items for the executive officer to get us on the New York. I was a little afraid they would not let us have the flag, so I asked the executive officer not to say anything about it to the captain until we were gone, and told him that I should not hoist it while running in, or while doing so could in any way affect the success of the effort, but that I did wish very much to hoist it after firing the torpedoes as the vessel sank. The executive officer was not convinced, and his instinct of the risk involved was true; for though the captain let me have the flag without asking any questions, and it was bent on the halyards at the bridge ready for hoisting, it was never hoisted, for after the work was done, and the Merrimac was sinking, and a strong impulse set in to have the flag flying, it was clear, lying at the muzzles of the enemy's guns, that any move to hoist it would betray our position and cost the life of all. Responsibility for the group forbade the attempt.

A Preacher on Fire.

At Chacombe Church, Banbury, during the harvest thanksgiving services on a recent Sunday evening, according to the Westminster Gazette, the vicar, the Rev. G. J. Hammon, while holding forth with his usual stirring eloquence, was suddenly disturbed by several members of the congregation rising from their seats and exclaiming: "You're on fire, sir!" On putting out the fire with his hand the reverend gentleman thanked his informers and then proceeded with his discourse as if nothing had happened. Afterward it was found that the long lawn sleeve had been burned, the reporter pathetically adds, "beyond repair." Congratulations were accorded to the vicar on his escape. The flames nearly reached his head before he discovered the cause of alarm.

Julius Cæsar Caught Scorching.

The announcement that Julius Cæsar was summoned for scorching on a bicycle must cause a smile upon the most serious face. There were many smiles at the Haywards Heath Petty Sessions.

Julius Cæsar did not appear at first and the historic name seemed more out of place when bawled by a leather lunged constable outside the court.

People began to think that a waggish cyclist had been playing larks with the rural constable, and had give a wrong name, but presently a young gentleman stepped into the box and all smiles ceased. "Are you Julius Cæsar?" quoth the clerk. "Yes, sir," replied the scorcher.—Sussex (England) News.

Presence of Mind.

A melodrama of the most stirring kind was being given at a theatre in a small provincial town, says London Tit-Bits. In one of the critical scenes the hero suddenly became aware of the fact that he had come to the stage minus his poniard. Without a moment's hesitation, he made a dash at the traitor, exclaiming:

"Die, villain! I meant to strike thee with my dagger, but I left the weapon in my dressing room, and will therefore, strangle thee in the presence of this indulgent audience."

It is scarcely necessary to add that this variation from the original brought down the house.

AN AFFAIR OF THE NATION

It has been said of Americans that they are "a nation of dyspeptics" and it is true that few are entirely free from disorders of the digestive tract, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Stomach and Bowel trouble, or Constipation. The treatment of these diseases with cathartic medicines too often aggravates the trouble.

THE LOGICAL TREATMENT

is the use of a remedy that will build up the system, thereby enabling the various organs to act as Nature intended they should. Such a remedy is found in Dr Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Here is the proof.

In Detroit there are few soldiers more popular and efficient than Max R. Davies, first sergeant of Co. B. His home is at 416 Third Avenue. For four years he was a bookkeeper with the wholesale drug house of Farrand, Williams & Clark, and he says: "I have charged up many thousand orders for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, but never knew their worth until I used them for the cure of chronic dyspepsia. For two years I suffered and doctored for that aggravating trouble but could only be helped temporarily.

"I think dyspepsia is one of the most stubborn of ailments, and there is scarcely a clerk or office man but what is more or less a victim. Some days I could eat anything, while at other times I would be starving. Those distressed pains would force me to quit work. I have tried many treatments and remedies but they would help only for a time. A friend induced me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and after taking a few doses I found much relief and after using several boxes I was cured. I know these pills will cure dyspepsia of its worst form and I am pleased to recommend them."—*Detroit (Mich.) Journal.*

The genuine package always bears the full name. At all druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50c per box, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

A TRAGIC OCEAN TALE.

Forty-five Men Rescued in Mid-Ocean by the Steamship Vedamore.

TWENTY-FIVE MEN WENT DOWN.

The British Steamship Londonian Sinks at Sea—In Great Distress When Sighted by the Vedamore—The Rescuers Struggled Two Days in a Storm to Take the Crew From the Doomed Ship.

BALTIMORE, Md. (Special).—Forty-five shipwrecked mariners from the Londonian, which was recently reported as foundering at sea, were landed here on Thursday by the Johnston Line steamship Vedamore. The Vedamore was several days overdue, and fears for her safety were beginning to be felt. Captain Robert Bartlett is her master.

The Londonian, from Boston for London, with a crew of nearly eighty men, and a cargo valued at about $300,000, including 650 cattle, foundered November 25. About twenty-five of the crew went down and the remaining ones were picked up by the Vedamore. The saved members of the Londonian's crew numbered twenty-three men.

In addition, there were twenty-two cattle men saved, including Patrick Ward, of Boston, foreman for Swift & Co., who had 263 head of cattle on board, and Daniel Calnan, of Somerville, Mass., foreman for Nelson Morris & Co., who had 392 cattle. The cattlemen in the gangs were A. Mungel, John J. Neville, of Waterbury, Conn.; Michael Malone, of Fall River; John F. Kenny, John Sloan, Frederick Wallace, Thomas Higgins, Henry Welsh, Andrew Smith, John Martin, John Bilboy, George Bell, John Ward, all of Boston; John Potts, of Malden; Henry Boucher and Peter Lamont, of Lawrence; John Jones, of London; H. Panpipian, of Armenia; —— Meiklejohn, of Russia, and William Langley, Jr., of Hallowell; Daniel Coveny, of Boston, and Thomas McCoy, of Worcester, Mass.; also cattlemen, are among the lost.

The ill-fated Londonian left Boston on November 15, and on November 23 in a violent gale her cargo shifted and she almost capsized, finally resting on her beam ends, with big seas breaking over her. Her luckless crew were helpless to right her, and for two days she drifted about at the mercy of the winds and waves. Assistance came at 5 o'clock on the morning of November 25.

The Vedamore hove in sight five miles distant, and as it was still quite dark the Londonian burned signal fires and fired distress rockets. The signals were seen by the officers on the Vedamore's bridge, and reported to Captain Bartlett, who gave orders that the Vedamore's course be changed.

Second Officer Hobbs and a volunteer crew, gallantly launched one of the Vedamore's boats and attempted to reach the sinking Londonian. For three hours the sturdy Britons battled with wind and wave in a vain attempt to reach her, but were finally forced to return to their ship. Many attempts were made to reach the sinking ship which proved fruitless, and as it grew too dark to do anything more, Captain Bartlett signalled, "Will stand by you until morning."

The piteous signal, "For God's sake don't leave us," came back in reply, and to the mute appeal every man of the gallant crew of the Vedamore pledged his life to rescue the helpless ones. During the night the wind increased, and by morning it was blowing very hard. Then it was that another means of rescue was decided upon. For hours life-buoys with lines attached were floated to the Londonian, and at last her crew succeeded in getting one aboard.

A heavier line was stretched between the two vessels and one of the Vedamore's life boats was improvised as a life-car, to be hauled between the ships. It made a trip successfully and twenty-two half frozen, exhausted men were hauled up over the high side of the Vedamore and given every comfort the ship afforded. As the boat was going back to the Londonian wreck a big sea broke over it and capsized it. Another broke over it and demolished it. The lines were also carried away and the communication broken.

Chief Officer Doran, of the Vedamore, then stepped up to Captain Bartlett and volunteered to launch another life boat to attempt the rescue. Another set of brave seamen dropped down into her as she touched the water, and she bounded away on the crest of a big wave like a racehorse. For two hours the boat's crew struggled at the oars, but could not get nearer than sixty yards to the wreck. They were at last forced to give up and return to their ship.

Another fearful night of peril and fear passed. The next morning twenty-three of the men of the Londonian succeeded in launching one of their own boats and reached the Vedamore in safety. Their boat was also lost, and all that day was spent in trying to again establish communication with the wreck. The gale was constantly increasing, and all efforts to save others were in vain.

Even after night had fallen the Vedamore was kept cruising about in the vicinity, but when day broke next morning the Londonian had vanished. The Vedamore then proceeded to Baltimore. The wrecked steamer was first sighted in latitude 48.30, longitude 15.10.

GEN. WHEELER TO QUIT CONGRESS.

Prefers Army Life and Hopes to Soon Be Old Enough to Make a Good Soldier.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Major-General Wheeler will resign his seat in Congress and retain his commission in the army. He said:

"I have considered the matter carefully and decided to resign from Congress and retain my commission. My reasons for this step are many. It is probable that a bitter opposition would be raised if I attempted to retain both positions, and I prefer to settle the matter in this way. I have not yet decided just when I shall resign, but it will be very soon, probably within a few weeks. At present I am merely exercising the privileges of an ex-member upon the floor of the House, and in this way I have avoided any possibility of a question in that direction. I have had other members introduce my resolutions, and this will continue until I resign. I prefer the army life to the life of a member of Congress. I feel as young as when I was a boy, and, although some little discussion has been raised as to my age, I hope to soon be old enough to make a good soldier. I have been re-elected to the Fifty-sixth Congress, but I will not serve one day of my new term."

Regular Troops For Manila.

The War Department at Washington will send regular regiments to relieve the volunteers in Manila just as soon as transportation on the Pacific Coast can be arranged. The volunteers will be returned to the United States in the order in which they left.

A New Coast Survey Steamer.

The Coast and Geodetic Survey steamer Pathfinder was launched on Wednesday at Nixon's shipyard at Elizabethport, N. J. Many distinguished men witnessed the launching.

Miscellaneous Sports.

Roller polo is becoming very popular.

A rifle and revolver club has been organized at Harvard University.

The Southern golf links are opening rapidly and nearly all the prominent courses are actively under way.

The Harvard-Columbia dual lacrosse league has decided to admit Cornell, and form a triple alliance.

The University of Pennsylvania has taken up fencing, and Justin Bonnafous will be the instructor in single stick, foil and sabre.

Malcom Lee McBride, of Cleveland, Ohio, was unanimously elected captain of the Yale football eleven to succeed Captain Chamberlin.

Thomas Truxton Hare, the left guard of the University of Pennsylvania football team, was unanimously elected captain of next year's eleven.

Frank C. Ives says that he will play no more billiard matches with anybody until his health improves. He contemplates a trip to Denver and Mexico.

Sparrow-shooting is a popular sport with the trap-shooters of Indianapolis, and a mixed tournament of targets, sparrows and pigeons is held every year by the Limited Gun Club, of that city.

The scarcity of game birds in the Northern States has had its effect on the annual migration of hunters to Southern quarters. Hunters have realized that if they want any shooting they will have to go South for it.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO CONGRESS.

Military Rule For Cuba Until a System of Self-Government is Established.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The message of President McKinley to Congress contains a number of recommendations, upon which that body will take action.

In his message the President gave a brief account of the war. He ascribes the cause of war to the continuance of intolerable conditions in Cuba, and the emptiness of Spanish promises of reform, but mentions the Maine disaster.

The failure of the Spanish autonomy scheme is reported, and the diplomatic negotiations with Spain rehearsed. The President mentions, also, the efforts of the foreign powers to intercede and the steps undertaken by Congress to prepare for armed intervention.

He mentions Dewey's achievements as having given the "prestige of invincibility" to American arms, recounts Hobson's exploit and describes the defeat of Cervera as the "decisive naval battle."

The President says the fall of Manila constituted a conquest of the Philippines.

Except for the war with Spain, he declares the United States has amicable relations with other powers, and an era of prosperity has begun.

Negotiations to protect American food products from discriminating action on the part of European Governments have been undertaken.

The President comments upon the friendliness shown by Great Britain.

He commends the Czar's project for universal peace.

The President's recommendations are:

He does not discuss the kind of government he approves for Porto Rico and the Philippines, but announces that those islands will be kept under military government pending the action of Congress.

Cuba, he announces, is to be kept under military government until a competent system of self-government can be established.

The President recites the annexation of Hawaii, and calls upon Congress to take action relating to the future form of Hawaiian government.

He asks for the immediate enactment of legislation setting aside a portion of the gold holdings of the Treasury as a trust fund for the redemption of greenbacks, but providing that greenbacks once redeemed shall not thereafter be paid out except for gold.

The President recommends the increase of the navy and the revival of the ranks of admiral and rear-admiral.

He urges the acquisition of new territory as a reason for adopting a maritime policy.

An increase of the army to a peace footing of 100,000 men is recommended.

The advisability of making an adequate display at the Paris Exposition is noted and Congress urged to further the work with an appropriation of $1,000,000.

Immediate action looking to the construction of the Nicaragua Canal is urged.

The desirability of protecting American commercial interests in China is noted and measures to that end are recommended.

HAWAII'S NEW GOVERNMENT.

President McKinley Sends the Hawaiian Commission's Report to Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President has transmitted to Congress the report of the Hawaiian Commission, consisting of Senators Cullom and Morgan, Representative Hitt, President Dole and Justice Frear, of Hawaii.

Three bills are formulated for the consideration of Congress. The first and principal one outlines a general plan of government and the other two deal with subordinate questions. The main bill provides for the erection of the islands into a territory of the United States, to be styled the Territory of Hawaii.

A Governor, Secretary of the Territory, a United States District Judge, a United States District Attorney and a United States Marshal are to be appointed by the President and an internal revenue district and a customs district are to be created.

The territory will have an attorney-general, a treasurer, a superintendent of public works, a superintendent of public instruction, an auditor and a deputy auditor, a surveyor with the powers and duties of a surveyor-general and a chief sheriff, all to be appointed by the Governor.

Probably the most important portion of the bill is Section 4, defining citizenship, which provides that "all white persons, including Portuguese, and persons of African descent, and all persons descended from the Hawaiian race, on either the paternal or maternal side, who were citizens of the Republic of Hawaii immediately prior to the transfer of the sovereignty thereof to the United States, are hereby declared to be citizens of the United States."

Provision is made for a legislature to consist of two houses—a senate to consist of fifteen members, as at present, and a house of representatives, consisting of thirty members, double the number under the Hawaiian Republic. The members are to be elected at a general election to be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1899, and biennially thereafter. The Supreme Court is to be the sole judge of the legality of election to a seat in either house in case of contest. No member of the legislature is to be eligible for appointment or election to any office of the Territory, and no officer or employe, notary public or agent of the Territory is to be eligible to election as a legislator.

There is also a provision that no person who, having been entitled to qualify and vote prior to October, 1897, and since July, 1894, failed to register as such voter, shall have a vote unless he shall take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States. The sessions of the Legislature are limited to sixty days in duration, and each member is allowed $400 as salary and ten cents a mile for traveling expenses.

REFORMS IN PORTO RICO.

General Henry Will Install American Teachers in the Schools.

SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO (By Cable).—General Guy V. Henry, the new Governor of the Military Department of Porto Rico, is beginning energetically. He intends to hold elections for Mayors and Councilmen in every town and if necessary to secure fairness, the elections will be under military supervision.

He will appoint a commission to compel the local courts to bring to trial and punish at once persons now in detention on charges of incendiarism and assault.

Another proposal of General Henry is to send his representatives to the various Mayors to gain their co-operation in his plan for installing several American policemen in every town.

Captain Lemley, of the Seventh Artillery, has been detailed to visit the schools, with a view of installing American teachers.

A Stay For Colonel Picquart.

The Court of Cassation, in Paris, France, has ordered a stay of proceedings in the Picquart court martial.

A Christian Scientist Convicted.

Harriet O. Evans, the Christian Scientist, of Cincinnati, Ohio, under whose treatment Thomas McDowell recently died of typhoid fever, has been tried and convicted of practicing medicine without a certificate. The attorneys of the "faith cure" defendant at once gave notice of appeal from the police court.

New Jersey Gets a Gunboat.

The Secretary of the Navy in Washington has loaned the gunboat Inquirer to the State of New Jersey for the use of the Camden militia.

Trade With Spain Reopened.

The Norwegian steamer Kingswood arrived at Philadelphia, Penn., a few days ago, from Barcelona with a light general cargo, the first to arrive there from Spain since the outbreak of the war. Captain Halvorsen reported that Barcelona merchants feel friendly toward the Americans and blame their own Government for the war.

May Dethrone the New Samoan King.

The following advices have been received at Aukland, New Zealand, from Samoa: "The supporters of Mataafa having elected him King, certain chiefs lodged a caveat, which the Chief Justice has decided in their favor. It is now understood that Tamasese will be nominated."

An Officer Sentenced to Death.

Considerable public feeling has been aroused in England over the case of Lieutenant Wark, of the Royal Artillery, who was sentenced to death in London on a charge of murdering Jane Yates, a girl of good family, by conspiring with her to procure a criminal operation. The evidence tended to show that the girl was solely responsible.

General Garcia Seriously Ill.

General Garcia is seriously ill in Washington. His illness has developed into pneumonia. Because of his advanced age, sixty-two years, the outcome is viewed with some apprehension.

DISORDER IN SANTIAGO.

Armed Cubans Parade, Fire Salutes and Wreck a Club.

CHARGE OF THREE HORSEMEN.

A Maceo Memorial Meeting Marked by Disrespect For American Military Authority—Son of General Garcia Rebuked by Colonel Beacom—Summary Punishment For the Ringleaders.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—The death of General Antonio Maceo was commemorated by the Cubans on Wednesday with elaborate ceremony. There was a parade in the morning and a requiem mass was celebrated in the cathedral. In the afternoon there was a meeting in the theatre, at which the dead soldier was eulogized.

The crowd that assembled in the morning was not orderly. Carlos Garcia, who managed the affair, failed to notify Colonel Beacom, the Adjutant-General, who is in command of the city during the absence of General Wood, and the Americans knew nothing of the contemplated procession until a hundred Cubans, armed with Remington rifles, marched past the palace. These were followed by twice as many more bearing machetes and pistols and Cuban flags. The American flag had no place in the procession.

At 9 o'clock nearly all the crowd entered the cathedral to listen to the religious services. The armed Cubans outside fired two salutes with ball cartridges, and two of the bullets chipped pieces of masonry from the cathedral cupola. A man who was ringing the chimes was so badly frightened by the close approach of the bullets that he came down and could not be induced to go into the cupola again.

When Colonel Beacom heard the volleys he immediately summoned Garcia before him and demanded by what authority he brought armed men into the city. Garcia said he thought that the Cubans' plan to commemorate the death of Maceo was known to the American authorities. He was ordered by Colonel Beacom to immediately disarm the men, which he did.

The afternoon procession to the theatre was more orderly. A half dozen speeches were made in the theatre, the speakers confining themselves to uttering panegyrics of General Maceo and denouncing the Spaniards. No reference was made to the Americans. The day was the first time armed Cubans have entered the city since the American occupation.

Toward night the crowd became drunk and boisterous. They thronged the saloons and cafes and the plazas, making threats against the Spaniards and Americans.

At 6 o'clock three horsemen, led by a white man wearing the insignia of a captain in the Cuban Army, rode to the entrance of the Circulo Espanol and knocked over three policemen who were guarding the door. They then rode into the reception room, where they smashed two chandeliers and some furniture, after which they rode out, with the white man still at their head. He waved his machete over his head, and shouted in Spanish: "I am Juan Castillo, a captain of infantry in the army of liberation of Cuba. I did this act on account of my manhood." Then, with his three companions, he galloped down the street, followed by a cheering crowd.

After the horsemen had disappeared another crowd attempted to break into the club, but the entrance was blocked by Captain Ramon Mendoza of General Wood's staff.

When the matter was reported to the American military authorities Lieutenant Matthew Hanna brought a detail of troops from the Fifth Regulars and placed them as guards at the Spanish Club and the Spanish Bank, with orders to bayonet any one who attempted further disorder. Lieutenant Hanna promptly dismissed the three policemen who had allowed themselves to be run over without resistance and also six others who failed to prevent the trouble.

Secret service men are after Castillo and his companions, with orders to bring them in dead or alive.

OUR AMBASSADOR TO MEXICO.

The Mexican Government Raises the Rank of Its Minister to This Country.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President has sent to the Senate the nomination of Powell Clayton, of Arkansas, to be Ambassador to Mexico. Senor Romero, the



POWELL CLAYTON.
(Minister to Mexico who has been raised to the rank of Ambassador.)

former Mexican Minister, having been raised to the rank of Ambassador, Minister Clayton's promotion followed under an act of Congress.

MAYOR-ELECT SETTING TYPE.

Printer J. G. Woodward Chosen as Municipal Executive of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga. (Special).—James G. Woodward, a printer, was elected Mayor of Atlanta on Wednesday. In the primary Woodward defeated Edmund W. Martin, a prominent and successful lawyer of this city, all through his influence with the laboring element. But success did not turn his head, and he is at work at his case on the Atlanta Journal as usual.

The new Mayor, who will go into office with the beginning of the year, is popular and promises his supporters an excellent administration.

Nevada Governorship is Contested.

William McMillan, the defeated Republican nominee for Governor of Nevada, will contest the election of Reinhold Sadler, Fusionist, on the ground that the apparent majority credited to Sadler is based upon a sufficient number of illegal votes to change the result of the election. Some sensational allegations are anticipated.

Germany Negotiating With Spain.

Germany is negotiating with Spain for the purchase of the Caroline Islands; the price asked by Spain is $2,000,000, which Germany considers excessive.

Prominent People.

Sir Arthur Sullivan was the son of a bandmaster, and for several years a chorister.

Speaker Reed has joined the Portland Golf Club and become an earnest devotee of the game.

Queen Victoria hopes to live to see the Cape-to-Cairo scheme of uniting Britain's African empire completed.

Ex-President Harrison denies the report that his health is poor and declares he has not felt so well for many years.

Secretary Gage is said to be a passionate sportsman and a remarkably good shot. He spends much of his vacation in hunting and in fishing.

Emperor William intends to write and publish an account of his tour in Palestine.

Holland's girl Queen has declared that her husband-elect must not be called Prince Consort until they have been married a year and a half.

Theodore Sedgwick Fay, who from 1853 until 1861 occupied the post of American Minister Resident in Berne, Switzerland died in Berlin, Germany.

Henry Havemeyer, the sugar king, finds a hobby in amateur conjuring, at which he is an expert and has the best collection of apparatus in the country.

James Whitcomb Riley said to a Boston friend the other day that the reason he is a bachelor is because the woman he meant to marry died before he had made any success.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The President sent to the Senate the name of Richmond P. Hobson to be a Naval Constructor.

Japan's Minister, Mr. J. Komura, says China will not be dismembered and that no country will be permitted to have a monopoly of her trade.

Commander H. E. Nicholls has been detached from the Mare Island Navy Yard and ordered to command the monitor Monadnock.

The first street railway in China is just about to be built at Shanghai, and United States Consul Fowler at Chee Foo, in reporting the fact to the State Department expresses a hope that United States manufacturers and contractors will give this their best attention.

The House passed the Army and Navy Urgent Deficiency bill without division.

Senator Vest introduced in the Senate a resolution for the appointment of three Senators and five Representatives to investigate charges of corruption in the conduct of the late war.

The War Department has decided to send an expedition consisting of three regiments of Regular infantry to the Philippines from New York by way of the Suez Canal.

Surgeon-General Sternberg testified before the War Department Investigating Commission regarding the conduct of the Medical Department in the war.

The Mexican Government decided to raise the Mexican Mission at Washington to the rank of an embassy. Turkey will probably soon follow Mexico's example.

Chief Surgeon O'Reilly and Lieutenant Weston have been ordered to Jamaica to make a thorough investigation of the British method of caring for troops in tropical climates.

Superintendent Green has presented to Congress a report on the Congressional Library Buildings and grounds. The visitors during the eleven months ended December 1 numbered 546,852.

The Postmaster-General estimates the deficiency in the postal revenues for 1900 at $4,265,888. The estimate for army and navy pensions is $144,000,000; cost of pension service, $1,233,830. Total, $145,233,830.

Washington officials think that the outcome of the peace negotiations in Paris may be two or more treaties.

Senator Vest introduced a resolution declaring that the United States could not, under the Constitution, acquire territory with the idea of holding it permanently as a colony.

The Court of Inquiry appointed to investigate the abandonment of the Infanta Maria Teresa during the storm of October 29, reported that there was no fault or negligence on the part of any naval officer.

Domestic.

Orison Sumner Bartlett, Jr., sixteen years old, and Joseph Hunt, fifteen years old, both of West Derry, N. H., were drowned while skating on Lake Tsienneto.

Frederick Cates was fatally shot by Dell Durgin, a companion, while deer hunting in the woods north of Waterville, Me. Cates had started a deer, and Durgin mistook his gray coat for the animal, and fired.

Nelson Bowers, one of the leading Democrats of Connecticut, was instantly killed in a shafting accident at his mill in Moodus. He was jumping a belt when his sleeve caught, and he was drawn up to the ceiling with such force as to cause instant death.

The stock of the City Passenger Railway Company, of Baltimore, was purchased by a syndicate of capitalists at $90 a share.

Theodore Hopkins, of Dover, Del., colored, went into a cataleptic state and some friends, being positive that he was dead, proceeded to raise money to give him a decent burial. All preparations for the funeral were being completed when Hopkins sat up and exclaimed to his fleeing friends. "I ain't dead, thank the Lord! I heard every word you said, but couldn't move."

United States Senator Kenney's second trial for alleged frauds upon the First National Bank of Dover, Del., has begun.

The nitro-glycerine house of the Hudson Powder Company at Pinole, Cal., blew up, killing Superintendent Kennedy and four Chinese, the only workmen in the building at the time. Four tons of nitro-glycerine exploded, completely demolishing the building.

During a fierce snow and wind storm the breaker of the Enterprise Colliery at Shamokin, Penn., was blown down, causing $100,000 damages. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

Frank J. Gould, of New York, son of Jay Gould, reached the age of twenty-one years and received the $10,000,000 left him by his father.

Sister Mary Angelo, while at prayer a few days ago in the Immaculate Virgin, Staten Island, was burned to death. Her dress was set afire by a candle which was too near where she was praying.

Samuel Bear, of Williamsport, Penn., accidently shot and killed his wife. Bear was about to start on a hunting trip and had all his equipments ready, including his gun. He had just kissed his wife good-by and was handling the gun when it went off. Mrs. Bear fell mortally wounded, and died in a few minutes.

James H. Southall, whose dealings in fraudulent Government time checks were said to have caused losses to firms and individuals all over the country, to an amount aggregating $750,000, was sentenced in St. Paul, Minn., to State prison for ten years' hard labor.

Two east-bound freight trains, running together on the Fitchburg Railroad, collided near Athol, Mass., and F. W. Knight, of Williamstown, a brakeman, was caught in the wreck by the legs and burned to death, in spite of the efforts of his comrades to release him.

Paul I. Dulian, Town Marshal of Covington, La., was shot fatally by a gang of whitecaps. The regulators started out to intimidate some negroes, and coming to the residence of George Harris, colored, fired several volleys into the house. Dulian started out to investigate the trouble and as he stepped from his door was shot down.

Foreign.

It is thought in Madrid that the Queen Regent will ask Premier Sagasta to remain in power, and the Cortes will be convened on January 7.

The Japanese Government has introduced a bill into the Diet to increase the land tax by $7,000,000 to meet in part an estimated deficiency.

The Filipino Junta in Hong Kong, China, will send two representatives to Washington to remove misapprehensions as to the attitude of the Filipinos toward the United States.

Joseph Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, in a speech at Wakefield, Yorkshire, advocated alliances with the United States, Germany and Russia.

Fifteen women and girls were killed by jumping from windows of a burning factory in Vilna, Russia, and fifty others were dangerously hurt.

The French steamer Algerois has foundered near Bona, a fortified seaport town of Algeria, near the mouth of the River Seibous. Eleven persons were drowned.

The Empress Dowager of China has given a written assurance to the Department of State of Washington that it is the purpose of the Chinese Government to protect all missionaries and foreigners generally in that country.

Don Perrier, a young Frenchman, murdered his former sweetheart, Jennie Andrews, an English girl, at New Westminster, B. C. Jealousy prompted the crime.

A plot to assassinate Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, was discovered at Sofia, and many arrests were made.

The foreign Admirals commanding in Cretan waters have selected the little island of Suda as the place where the Turkish flag shall float in fulfillment of the promise to maintain the emblem of Ottoman suzerainty over Crete.

Charles Walker, claiming to live in Quebec, was arrested in Lyons, France, for attempting to seize a wallet containing $22,320.

The London press express satisfaction at the reference to Anglo-American relations in President McKinley's message.

The grant which the British Government will make for the benefit of the British West Indies amounts to $200,000.

The march of the Mad Mullah on the Indian frontier has been partially checked by the Khan of Robat, who has preserved the lines of communication with the garrison at Chitral.

The Czar has contributed $250,000 to the Russian Red Cross Society to relieve the distress caused by the famine.

A number of Carlists have been arrested and a seizure of arms made at Bilbao, Spain.

The Turkish cavalry will be increased by 25,000 troopers on the advice of Emperor William of Germany.

President Guiterrez, of Salvador, has been deposed and a provisional government has been formed by General Regalado.

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A calculation has been made showing that the war cost Spain $435,000,000 and the United States but $215,000,000.

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Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Trial by jury will be established in Siberia by recent ukase of the Czar.

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Commencing November 23d, additional Dining Car Service, Southern Railway Dining Cars, will be operated on the Southern Railway U. S. Fast Mail trains daily the year round, thus completing Dining Car Service on all trains of the Southern Railway, via Washington, to Florida, Atlanta, New Orleans, and points South and Southwest. The Dining Cars are all of the latest model and the markets are drawn upon liberally for the best and most seasonable supplies, while the cuisine and service are of the highest order. The Southern Railway is the only Southern Line operating Dining Cars the year round.—New York Office, 271 Broadway.

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